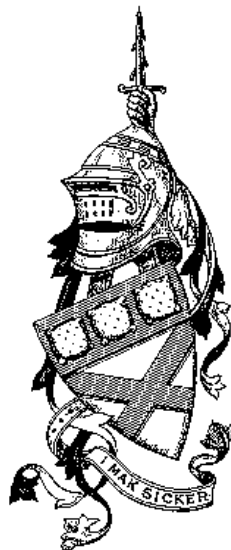


CHRONICLES
OF THE
KIRKPATRICK FAMILY



BY
ALEXANDER de LAPERE KIRKPATRICK

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CETTE CHRONIQUE
DE LA
FAMILLE KIRKPATRICK
EST RESPECTUEUSEMENT
DEDIEE PAR L'AUTEUR
A SA MAJESTE
L'IMPERATRICE EUGENIE.

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PREFACE.

To cherish the memory of those who have gone before, should be to all a sacred duty, and a perusal of these simple annals may recall to our minds the virtues of past generations and the good they have done in their day ---

“Lives of great men all remind us,
We can make our lives sublime
And departing leave behind us,
Footprints in the sands of time.”

Now it is always interesting and satisfactory to possess some authentic records of our forbears, and to this end I have collected from old Family Papers and Letters, fast falling into decay, from Dr. Clapperton's MSS., 1784, kindly lent me by the Rev. W. R. Bedford, and from various other sources, many facts connected with the lives of past Kirkpatricks, which otherwise might ere long have been forgotten.

These Chronicles have no claim to literary merit whatever, in fact the various documents, and authorities, are merely strung together and allowed to tell their own tale.

Many of the Kirkpatricks, in years gone by, have brought honour to their country and kindred, and it is for the present and future generations to emulate them, remembering the while Ben Jonson's lines ----

“Gentility
Is but an airy and mere borrowed thing
From dead men's dust and bones and none of ours
Unless we make or keep it” ----

ALEXANDER de LAPERE KIRKPATRICK
Coolmine House, Clonsilla.

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THE CHRONICLES OF THE KIRKPATRICK FAMILY.

PART I.

THE origin of the Kirkpatrick family is lost in the mists of by-gone centuries. The ancient tradition of the first Lords of Closeburn had it they were descended from the giant Fin Mac-Cual, King of the Fians or Fenians, and son of Cumal. Finn Mac-Cual is most vividly remembered in Irish Legends. A great gap at Glendaklough is called the "giants-cut" to this day. Under the waters of the lake he kept his treasure of gold, guarded by his Irish wolf-dog Bran, who killed an English diver who came to steal it. Finn also fought a great battle at Ventry, which lasted three hundred and sixty-six days, in the end he killed all his enemies.

Joyce's History of Ireland says: --- "In the times of Cormac --- (King of Ireland) flourished the Fianna Militia, in the service of the monarch they were commanded by the renowned Finn Mac-Cual." Some accounts relate this hero lived before the flood; but it is probable he flourished in the 3rd century; legend says he was killed in battle, near the Boyne, A.D. 283. his chief residence was on the hill of Allen, Co. Kildare. Ossian, the renowned poet was his son, and he was Father of "Oscar, the brave, the gentle." His descendants, the tribe of Alsani, migrated to Scotland. Perhaps it was some fierce chieftain of these who listening to the teaching of St. Patrick about A.D. 390, took the name of "Cella Patricii," the Church or Cell (the churches being in those days very small) of Patrick, to commemorate his acceptance of the true faith, when he renounced the false gods of his kindred.

Nisbett relates how "the Kirkpatrick's held lands in Nithsdale and Galloway in the Ninth Century," certainly the name is the prefix of four parishes in Scotland. Then we hear of the powerful Lord Cospatic in Cumberland, who after the fatal day of Hastings, A.D. 1066, received the fugitive Edgar Atheling, the Saxon heir to the English Crown, kindly, and gave him shelter, a deed of mercy for which he was rewarded by a grant of lands from Malcom III.

William the Conqueror's victory brought a host of his supporters and friends into England, and to strengthen his dynasty he gave them the sequestered estates of the Saxon Lords. Amongst those who were thus rewarded were --- Robert de Bruis, jardine, Pierre de Bailleul, Comyne, Le Sieur de jeansville, Le Seigneur de Fescamps, all mentioned by the Norman Chronicler. The three first were given lands in the North of England; Cumberland and Lowthian being claimed by both English and Scots at that time. As Mr. C. L. Johnstone in his interesting work, "The Historical Families of Dumfrieshire, and the Border Wars," remarks: ---

"Here the Norman settlers intermarried with the Maxwell's, Murray's,
" Carlyle's, Kirkpatrick's, Graham's, Fergusson's, and other families in
" Annandale, who after Cumberland finally became English, formed an
" efficient barrier against any encroachment from the South."

Jardine writes: ----“The Kirkpatrick’s are a Celtic family, found very early in Scottish History and like the Jardines have required no other title than ‘Chevalier’ to give luster to an ancient name.”

However the first of “that principal family” as Nisbitt styles it, on authentic record is *Yvone Kirkpatrick who flourished during the reign of King David I, proving the rights of fishing to the Monks of Abbeyholm. There is no date to this document, but the said Robert died A.D. 1141.

The friendship between the Bruce’s and Kirkpatrick’s can be clearly traced for more than two centuries, through the stormy vicissitudes of Scotland’s History.

The second Yvone de Kirkpatrick’s second wife was the Lady Euphemia Bruce, daughter of Robert Bruce, Lord of Annandale. Yvone got a confirmation charter of the estate of Closeburne (Cella Osburni), which formerly belonged to his forbears from King Alexandeer II., this charter is dated 12 August, A.D. 1232.

In Dr. Clapperton’s MSS. Dated A.D. 1784, he remarks that this Yvone lived to a great age, and notes his friendship with the King, and Bruce.

There are no records of Adam, Lord of Closeburne, but Stephen, Lord of Closeburne in the Chartulary of Kelso is styled “Stephanus dominus Villae de Closeburni, filius et haeres, A de, de Kirkpatrick.”

In the “Ragman’s Roll” amongst those mentioned as having in A.D. 1296 sworn fealty to Edward I are Stephen de Kirkpatrick, and Roger de Kirkpatrick, the latter is supposed to be of the Torthorwald branch of the family ---- Stephen second son, Duncan married in A.D. 1280, Isobel, the daughter and heiress of Sir David Carlyle of Torthorwald, who owned estates also in Anandale and Kirkpatrick-Fleming, she brought him the lands of Torthorwald as her dowry.

Duncan is mentioned by Blind Harry the minstrel, in the following lines

“Kirkpatrick that cruel was and Keyne”
 “In Isdail wood, that yer had been”
 “With Englishmen he could not weill accord”
 “Of Torthorwald he baron was and Lord,”
 “Of Keyne he was to Wallace mody near.”

This last line shows a kinship with that great patriot who was basely executed in London, 23rd August 1305, by order of King Edward I.

Duncan and Isobel had a son, Umfray, Whose son Robert was taken prisoner in the battle of Dupplim, 1333.

Dr. Clapperton, says the Kirkpatrick’s of Kirkmichael, “had an undoubted write to quarter the arms of Thorthorwald since they married the heiress of that estate,” however, I can find no record of this marriage.

These arms were “a saltier and chief gules, the last charged with three “besants of the zivet.”

This was cut, he writes, on a stone brought from the old castle of Torthorwald and built into the east gable of the Miller’s House, near it.

In A.D. 1249, we find a Humfrey de Kirkpatrick was a witness to a grant of lands and advowson of Ecclefechan to Sir Robert Burce and his heirs.

The father of the great Bruce seems to have been English in his sympathies, for he had fought with Edward I. in the Holy Land, and it is possible some of the family went with Richard I.

 * i.e. Ewen; one of the Kings of the Picts was Eogan, the same name.

to the Crusades; the Jardine's, Johnstone's and Kirkpatrick's bear the same saltier and chief on their shields, and it is believed they adopted them when fighting with the Lord of Anandale against the Saracens.

In those days the crest of the Kirkpatrick's was a swan, and the supporters to lions, and to this day it is said, when a swan appears to the Lord of Closeburne, it is an omen of his death.

In A.D. 1290, the death of the young Queen Margaret, "the fair maid of Norway" the destined bride of the young Prince of Wales, afterward Edward II., plunged Scotland into all the horrors of a disputed succession. Bruce the elder and Baliol being amongst the claimants they appealed to Edward I. who gave the preference to the latter; but his troubled reign lasted only four years, and he was deposed. Fresh troubles arose, and then the great Bruce, Earl of Carrick, and the Red Comyn asserted their rights.

Whether by accident, or design, it is unknown; but in A.D. 1305 the rivals for the Crown met in the Grey Friars Church in Dumfrieshire, Bruce and Comyn retired to the back of the high altar, where a long consultation took place, Bruce urging the other to make common cause against Edward for the preservation of the Scottish Monarchy.

The Comyn refused to do, declaring his desire to swear allegiance to the English King, Bruce in a fit of passion wounded him with his sword. Horrified at the deed, he hurried from the Church, and met his friend Sir Roger de Kirkpatrick outside who enquired the cause of his agitation.

"I doubt" said Bruce "I have slain the Comyn," "You doubt?" shouted Kirkpatrick, "I mak sicker" (I'll make sure) and rushing in --- accompanied by Sir James Lindsay, he killed the Red Comyn with his dagger, and also his Uncle Sir Robert Comyn, who had come to the rescue.

This act of sacrilege in the sacred edifice, so incensed Pope Clement V. that he excommunicated both Bruce and Kirkpatrick.

Shortly after these events Bruce was Crowned King at Scone, 27 March, 1306, and at his coronation commanded Kirkpatrick to adopt as his crest, a hand grasping a bloody dagger, with the words "I mak sicker," to commemorate his swift vengeance on one, who had been a traitor to his country.

Sir Roger seems to have fought in the Battle of Falkirk, for we read of his receiving L10 compensation for his "brown bay horse" which was killed.

In 1314, Bruce gained the battle of Banockburn, and sent Sir Roger de Kirkpatrick on an Embassy to England in company with Neil Campbell, ancestor of the Duke of Argyle. Edward II seems to have been on very good terms with Kirkpatrick, for he appointed him commander of Lochmaben Castle, which had surrendered to him when Prince of Wales, and gave him as pay for himself and four Esquires L4 16 0 for twelve days.

In A.D. 1319, King Robert presented the lands of Redburgh to Thomas, Sir Roger's eldest son, "for his father's services to his King and Country." Sir Roger's daughter, Elizabeth, married Sir John Carlisle, second son of William Carlisle, whose wife was the Princess Margaret, daughter of the King.

Sir Roger's second daughter, Margaret, married John Herryson, of Glasgow. Pope Clement granted a dispensation, for this marriage. This is the first mention of the names Elizabeth and

Margaret, they have since been borne by very many ladies of the Kirkpatrick family.

Later on the King suffered from leprosy, and as his health declined, the relatives of the dead Comyn grew more powerful. We find on 12th December, A.D. 1322, Sir Roger, asking King Edward II for “a safe conduct and protection within the realm of England, for himself and his wife, also for Humfrey Kirkpatrick and his wife Idonia.”

Seven weeks later the King of England ordered “instant enquiry to be made by the good men of Cumberland and Westmoreland as to the abduction of Sir Roger de Kirkpatrick, Knight of Scotland, who had fled to England to save his life from evil doers.” This order is dated from Yorkshire, and seven months later another is dated from Berwick-on-Tweed to the same effect.

Nothing more is known of his fate; probably he was secretly murdered, and the vendetta of the Comyns completed. King Robert died on 7th June 1329, and his son, afterward David II. being only five years of age was sent to France for safety; when the King was dying, he begged the noble James Douglas, to bury his heart in the Holy Land, to show his deep repentance for the murder of Comyn. This Douglas promised to do, but was slain in Spain by the Moors. Sir Simon Lochart of Lee afterwards brought the heart back to Scotland, and buried it under the High Altar, in Melrose Abbey. The body of Bruce was interred in Dunfermline Church, which in time became a ruin, and the site of the tomb lost.

Early in the present century, this ancient church was restored; in removing masonry, fragments of the monument were found; excavating deeper, the workmen came upon the skeleton of a tall man wrapped in the remains of a shroud of cloth of gold, the breast bone was sawn through as if in order to remove the heart. These remains were solemnly buried in a new grave, with the respect due to one of Scotland’s greatest Kings.

* * * * *

By English influence Edward Baliol was proclaimed King, and in 1333 we find the names of Thomas, and William de Kirkpatrick signing a charter of lands in Anandale for him. Winefred or Winfred de Kirkpatrick succeeded to his father’s (or uncles) estate of Closeburne, he also got possession of the lands of Redburgh and those of Torthorwald.

In 1339 A.D., Baliol was compelled to take refuge at the English Court and David, son of Robert Bruce was proclaimed King. In A.D. 1346 he declared war against England and was taken prisoner, and his army utterly routed by Queen Phillipa at the Battle of Neville Cross. In the following year, seventeen hostages from the noblest Scottish Families were sent to England, as a guarantee for his ransom of 100,000 marks, and amongst these were John Trenyear, or Stewart, afterwards Robert II., and Winfred de Kirkpatrick, the Lord of Closeburne.

Sir Roger de Kirkpatrick, Sir Winfred’s second son was his successor, amidst the general defection of the Scottish nobility to Edward III, he remained faithful to his King David II, thus on the ancient family friendship.

He did him good service too, for in A.D. 1355, assisted by John, Earl of Carrick, afterwards Robert III, he stormed the Castles of Durrisdere and Caerlaverock and took them from the English and preserved the whole territory of Nithsdale to the Scottish Crown. Sad to relate the next year he was murdered in the middle of the night, in Caerlaverock Castle, by his intimate friend, Sir James Lindesay, a descendant of that Lindsay who had been present at the death of Comyn. Jealousy, was the cause, --- for Kirkpatrick had married a lady to whom Lindsay was deeply attached. The murderer was executed by order of King David.

The late Mr. Charles Kirkpatrick Sharpe wrote a spirited ballad on "The murder of Caerlaverock." His successor Sir Thomas de Kirkpatrick made a resignation of the Baronies of Closeburn and Redburgh into the hands of Robert, Duke of Albany and Earl of Fife, Governor of Scotland, for a new charter of Talezie to himself, and his heirs male, in which his second son Yvone, and a younger one Stephen are mentioned. This charter is dated at Ayr, 14th October, A.D. 1409.

His son Roger, who succeeded him, was one of the gentlemen of Inquest in serving Lord Somerville, before Sir Henry Preston of Craigmiller, Principal, and Provost of Edinburgh, on the 10th June 1435, when he had on his seal the "escutcheon of his arms, supported with two lions guardant, (afterwards the supporters were two Talbots, Nisbett's Heraldry, Vol. 1, page 14)."

Sir Roger Kirkpatrick married the Hon. Margaret Somerville, daughter of Alexander, Lord Darnley, the ancestor of James VI of Scotland and I of England. This is the first connection of the Kirkpatrick's with the Royal line of Stuarts. In after years, they showed their fidelity to their noble kinsmen through all their misfortunes.

From this union were two sons:

Thomas who succeeded his father, as Lord of Closeburne, its Medieval Castle with many traditions,

And Alexander.

And here indeed it may be noted that the names of Alexander and Janet that occur so frequently amongst the Kirkpatrick's of Kirkmichael are derived from the house of Darnley.

Alexander Kirkpatrick proved himself a worthy descendant of a line of warriors, for on the 22nd July, 1484, St. Magdalen's Day, when the English, under the Duke of Albany invaded Scotland, a battle was fought at Burnswark Hill, where the English were utterly routed, and Alexander took James, ninth Earl of Douglas, prisoner, a capture of such importance that James III gave him the lands of Kirkmichael, in Dumfrieshire, as his reward. He was the first Lord of Kirkmichael, and through this Chieftain Her Imperial Majesty, The Empress Wugenie traces her direct descent, through the Lords of Closeburn, back to the giant King Finn Mac-Cual.

* * * * *

Henry VIII was exceedingly anxious to arrange a marriage between his young son Edward, and the infant daughter of James V, afterwards the beautiful Mary Queen of Scots, the negotiations failed, and he invaded Scotland, and in 1547 an army crossed the Esk, laying siege to the Fortress of Castlemilk, which had walls fourteen feet thick.

Hollingshead writes: ---

“The English brought their Artillery to bear against the walls, and undermined them with powder so that they were shaken down after their surrender, they treated the whole country so barbarously that all the Kirkpatrick’s, the Lords of Closeburn, and Kirkmichael, the Jardine’s, the Lords of Applegirth, Ruby and Howmenden, The Irewing’s, The Rigg’s And the Murray’s came in and took an oath of allegiance to the King of England.”

In Bell’s MSS. Preserved in Carlisle Cathedral, there is a list of chiefs and men who surrendered on this occasion, and amongst them are “William Kirkpatrick, Lord of Kirkmichael with 123 men,” and his cousin, “The Lord of Closeburne with 378 men.” The Lord of Kirkmichael with all who had taken the oath of allegiance were found guilty of High Treason by the Lords at the session of Edinburgh, June 12, 1548, and were outlawed.

Alexander Kirkpatrick, the third Lord of Kirkmichael, presented a bell to the Church of Garrell. His widow Margaret, a daughter of Sir Thomas Kirkpatrick, of Closeburn, afterwards married Edward Irvine, of Bonshaw.

At this time Scotland was exhausted by the constant struggle with England, and the ever-recurring conflicts between the different clans, had reduced many to poverty.

Mr. C. L. Johnstone in his book “The Historical Families of Dumfrieshire and the Border Wars,” on page 113, writes: ---

“It was thought no degradation for the younger son of a Laird’s family to act as a serving man in another house. Also, the mercantile class in Scotland were chiefly drawn from that source, for the predudice against trade which we find amongst the landed gentry in Germany and some other countries, seems never to have existed there. The will of John Johnstone, merchant, brother to the Laird of Weststraw, is proved June 4th, 1576, and several of the Johnstones of Newbie and that ilk, of the Maxwell’s, Kirkpatrick’s, and other Dumfrieshire families, many were merchants. A relationship with a provincial chief was extremely useful to merchants in early days as it insured a safe conduct through any district where his authority was respected, and the merchant living in town, probably a seaport, and with more education than his country cousin was a very useful relation for a Laird to possess.”

About the year A.D. 1622, we find William Kirkpatrick the fourth and last Lord of Kirkmichael, sold a large portion of that Barony to Sir John Charteris of Amisfield (the title “Lord of” going with the estate).

In a note in Dr. Clapperton’s MSS., date 1784, I find: ---

“Williemus Kirkpatrick de Kirkmichael, haeres Domini Alexandri Kirkpatrick de Kirkmichael, Militis patris in 10 liberatis terrarum, et villae de Kirkmichael et Pleulands, Earundem in parochiae de Kirkmichael,” (this fragment is evidently copied from some old Document or inscription, the date given being April 16, 1621).

This William had two sons, George, of Knock, the elder, and Robert of Glenkila, both properties were a portion of the Kirkmichael and Pleulands estate.

William Kirkpatrick died on the 9th June, 1686, and is buried in Garrel Kirkyard, where his tomb was cleared from the over growing grass and sods in 1861, by Mr. Campbell Gracie, of Dumfries, the well-known antiquarian and genealogist, himself a relative of the Kirkmichael-Kirkpatrick's, his grandmother having been a Miss Kirkpatrick.

We must now trace the fortunes of the last Lords two sons. George, the elder, of whom presently. Robert, the younger lived at Glenkila. He had by his wife, Margaret Gillespie, one daughter, Henrietta, born 1732, who afterwards married her cousin, James Kirkpatrick, and four sons,

- 1 – Thomas of Lambsfoot, married Janet Craig.
- 2 – Robert of Locharbank, d.s.p.
- 3 – WILLIAM OF CONHEATH, OF WHOM PRESENTLY.
- 4 – John, married Jane Forbes, he lived in the Isle of Man, where there is a place called Kirkmichael. In 1745, Robert of Glenkila joined the standard of Prince Charles Edward, and being taken prisoner, died on the scaffold. He is buried next his father and brother in Garrel Kirkyard, the date on his tomb being 12th October 1746.

The whole Kirkpatrick family had been faithful to King Charles I, and Charles II created Sir Thomas Kirkpatrick, of Closeburn, (the Head of the House) a Baronet, in 1685, “for unanswering fidelity.”

His third son, WILLIAM OF CONHEATH, married Mary Wilson, a martyr at the age of sixty – was drowned by Claverhouse.

By her had nineteen children,

- 1 – Mary, who married Thomas Wilson, Edinburgh; 2 – Henrietta; 3 – Robert; 4 – Henrietta, all died children; 5 – John, married Janet Stotherd, and lived at Ostende.
- 6 – WILLIAM OF MALAGA, Father of the Comtesse de Montijo.
- 7 – Janet, married Alexander Scott.
- 8 – Thomas, died at Malaga.
- 9 – Jane Forbes; born 20 Sept. 1767, died 21 Dec. 1854.
- 10 – A young child, died.
- 11 – Rosina, died Nithbank, 1833.
- 12 – Robert, d.s.p. London.
- 13 – Harriet, died Malaga.
- 14 – An Infant, died.
- 15 – Alexander, died at New York.
- 16 – Isabella, died at Conheath.
- 17 – Elizabeth.
- 18 – Alexander, died at Conheath.
- 19 – An Infant, died at Conheath.

The similarity of names between the families of William of Conheath and his first cousin, Alexander Kirkpatrick of Drumcondra, Co. Dublin, also their custom of repeating the same names may be noted: Alexander, Thomas, John, William, Jane, Mary, and Elizabeth, occurring in both their large families.

WILLIAM OF MALAGA, sixth son; born 24th March, 1764, died 29th January 1837. Emigrated to Spain towards the close of the eighteenth century. He kept up a correspondence with

his kinfolk in Ireland, the sons of Alexander Drumcondra. Alexander, my great grandfather then living at Coolmine, and his brother, William of Donacomper. On one occasion, he met Alexander of Coolmine, in Dublin. In the course of time some of these letters have been lost, but one in my father's possession, mentions, their having met. It is given later on. He married in Spain, Fanny, daughter of the Baron de Grivegree. They had three daughters – Henriquetta, who married the Count de Cabarras; Carlotta, who married her cousin, Thomas James Kirkpatrick, of Montril, Spain and Elizabeth Marie Manuelita, who married Don Cipriano de Palafoix, Count de Montijo and de Teba, Grandee of Spain, of the noble family of de Guzman, one of the most illustrious and Historical Houses of Europe. From the parent stock have sprung the Dukes of Medina Sidonia, and the Counts and Dukes of Olivarez, and the Marquises and Counts de Teba and de Montijo. One of the Count de Montijo's ancestresses was Dona Louisa Francesca de Guzman, who in 1663 married Don John IV of Braganza, King of Portugal. Many statesmen too have sprung from the family of de Guzman.

The Count and Countess de Montijo's two children were Her Imperial Majesty, The Empress Eugenie, and the Duchess of Alba.

Of Her Imperial Majesty, the Empress Eugenie, I do not presume to write, her goodness, graciousness and the nobility of her soul are known to all. Now she lives amidst the secluded beauty of Farnborough, near the sacred precincts of the Church, where the remains of her husband, The Emperor, and their Noble son, lie side by side sleeping,

“Until the day breaks
“And the shadows flee away.”

Here the widowed Sovereign lives here calm and beautiful life, its every moment hallowed by that grand spirit of complete resignation, that comes only to those who have been sorely tried, and who have suffered nobly.

PART II.

THE KIRKPATRICK'S OF COOLMINE.

GEORGE Kirkpatrick of Knock, eldest son of William, last Lord of Kirkmichael, was an officer in King William's army during the earlier years of his life. At first sight this fact seems difficult to reconcile with the family affection towards The House of Stuart; but Scottish History tells us of the terrible woes of the Covenanters and the awful persecution that raged throughout Scotland from 1661 to 1688. The Marquis of Argyle and many others perished on the scaffold. The names of Lauderdale, Graham of Claverhouse and Dalziel are execrated to this day and no portion of the country suffered more severely than Dumfrieshire and Galloway. James II was very unpopular, and many of the Scots transferred their allegiance to his daughter's husband, William, as their one possible deliverer. Yet two events, the miserable failure of the Isthmus of Darien scheme, and the infamous massacre of Glencoe, caused the nation at his death to look with longing eyes to the young Prince James, the descendant of their gallant line of Kings, who had upheld the honour of their country in by-gone days, but the battle of Sheriffmuir in 1715 destroyed his hopes. The story of Prince Charles Edward and his campaign in 1745 is known to all.

However, to return to George Kirkpatrick of Knock, he first came to Ireland in 1690, "in the ship that broke the Boom across Derry Harbour," being then nineteen years of age, an officer, several of his kinsfolk, the Kirkpatrick's of Larne, and the Wilson's had settled in this country at that time.

At Mrs. Wilson's, 32 Elgin Road, Dublin, are two ancient wooden arm chairs that were brought over from Scotland by their Wilson and Kirkpatrick forbears, the two families having intermarried at that date, according to the Wilson family tree. One Miss Kirkpatrick that married a Wilson, is said to have been endowed with second sight.

George left the army with the rank of major, and settled down at Knock, where Mr. Campbell Gracie remarks, "he took an active interest in the affairs of the Church at Garrell," a trait that has re-appeared in several of his descendants. He is buried in the Kirkyard there in the same grave as his father and beside his brother Robert of Glenkila, who was beheaded for his adherence to Prince Charles Edward.

In 1861, the tombstone was in good preservation, and the inscription read –

"Here lies the corps of
William Kirkpatrick
who departed this life
9th of June, 1686.

(Here the Coat of Arms is engraved in high relief)
His eldest son, George of Knock
who departed this life, 1738,
aged 67 years."

George of Knock had four sons,

- 1 – George, died 1798, his grandson was at School in Dumfries, 1784.
- 2 – William

3 – Alexander, born 1714, died 1791, at Drumcondra.

4 – Robert.

and three daughters, Anne, Grizzel, and Joane.

George, of Knock, “brought his son Alexander, over from Scotland to settle him in business in Belfast.” This is corroborated by the late Mr. Joseph Stock, our kinsman, and others. At all events, Alexander of Drumcondra who was 24 years of age when his father died in 1738, had been started in the linen-trade, probably with a portion of the money that came from the sale of the lands of Kirkmichael. Our family record relate two of his brothers came with him. No further traces of them seem to exist. It is possible they died unmarried, leaving him their fortunes, perhaps that Ballymena Estate in Antrim, and Ballywoneen in County Tipperary.

For some years he lived in Belfast, constantly riding up to Dublin, where he took into partnership, Robert Stevelly, of Croydon Park, County of Dublin, who afterwards married his daughter, Jane. Their descendants who still live at Croydon Park, altered the spelling of the name to Stavely, early in this century.

Prospering greatly in the country of his adoption, he was joined by his three sisters, Anne, Grizzel, and Joane or Joane, who afterwards became Mesdames Jordan, Kehoe, and Holland; perhaps Joane was his favourite, he certainly called two of his daughters Jane, the Irish form of Joane; it was Joane gave him our sugar bowl, date about 1720, which has been in constant use ever since at Coolmine, it is a beautiful specimen of antique Irish silver. We have also the plate left by him to his eldest son. There are two similar sugar bowls at Donacomper, and cream ewers at 9, Merrion Square, with other old silver that were his. Joane’s box made in 1736, was in the lumber room at Coolmine, in 1876. I think I found an old Bible at Coolmine, date of printing, 1676, very possibly it was the Kirkmichael one, and on one page is written, “Joane Kirkpat.”

This Bible is very interesting with it’s old maps and pictures, some pages in the beginning are lost, but written on one of the first in Alexander of Drumcondra’s unmistakable hand-writing, are the following lines:

“Alexander Kirkpatrick
Boght this book
God give him greas thereon to look”

He also wrote,

“Alex. Kirkpatrick is my name,
And for to write I think no shame,
And if my pen were better
I wold mend it every letter.”

Another piece of doggrel, in it is,

“God made man, and man made money,
God made bees, and bees make honey,
God made Satain, Satain made sin,
God made hell, and put Satain in.”

Other names are written in it as well. “Alex. Kilpatrick of Botgast,” “Margaret Kilpatrick, her book,” “Margee,” “John Kirkpatrick of Ballyfermott, Co. Antrim.”

From these verses we may infer, that this Bible was used by Alexander when a child. Francis Kirkpatrick's (no doubt his son) signature is also written in it.

From an inventory of his furniture at Drumcondra House, dated October 17th, 1773, in my father's possession I take a few items.

Even at the present day's estimate it was a well appointed house.

The kitchen was amply supplied with every requisite; a "chocolate pott and mill, a coffee mill and roaster, 2 marble mortars and one pestle," and numerous copper preserving pans; "the cook's larder, the inside larder, the wash-house, house, common hall, and the servant's hall," are well stocked. His study had nine walnute chairs and two elbow do.

The Grand Hall, had a Turkey carpet, a barometer, 11 carved chairs, an old brass grate, (several handsome ones are at Coolmine now, and came from Drumcondra) a clock by Gordon.

The Gilt Leather Parlour, ten stuffed backed chairs, a sophia, a Turkey carpet, 3 pairs window curtains, lined and fringed, a Persian Carpett, 2 gilt pier glasses.

The New Parlour, a Turkey carpet, 12 Mahogany chairs, a glass with a gilt frame and pilasters, a dumb waiter, (now at Coolmine).

Under the Great Stairs, amongst other things, was a mahogany Bagamon table, complete.

The Dining Room, Turkey carpet, 1 large gilt luster, 2 pier glasses in carved gilt frames, 9 walnute elbow chairs carved-work back and seats, 3 pairs of crimson Genoa damask window curtains.

The Drawing Room, or Tapestry Room, was furnished in Crimson Genoa damask and green, a handsome pier gilt table, two pier glasses, carved gilt frames.

The India Room, had ten elbow cane chairs, covered with green lute string.

The Major's Dressing Room, had a Turkey carpet, and a writing table, and was most luxurious in its appointments.

There were also the Anit-Chamber, The Drumcondra Bed Chamber, The Room next, the New Building, Miss Trench's Room, The Housekeepers Room, The Butler's Room, The Maid's Room, The Stewards Room, The Servant's Dining Room, The Valet de Chambre's Room, nearly all the principal rooms have two or more gilt carved pier glasses and Turkey carpets. Amongst other pieces of furniture I recognize the Indian Clothes Chest, that belonged to my grand aunts, Mary and Lydia; also the Iron Chest, in which are now many documents, it is valued at L3 8s 3d. This is but a very slight account of the furniture enumerated.

Most of his plate and china, also has a bunch of seals, exquisitely engraved with his Coat of Arms are in my father's possession.

A similar seal of his is at Donacomper. These all are proofs of his cultured taste.

About 1770, he bought the estates of Coolmine and Drumcondra, in the County of Dublin, and some years later Ballymoon and Talbotstown, in County Wicklow; as well as house property in Dublin.

His diary giving an account of his three visits to London, is in my father's possession, and the following are extracts from his narrative, in the old fashioned spelling. –

Wednesday, 2nd March, 1772,

Went on board the *Brittania* at a quarter after nine in the morning, sett sail, wind S.W., Landed at Park Gate (now near Holyhead), at ½ aft' 9, Friday morning, breakfasted at The Talbott, went up to Chester in a post coach in company with Mr. Greer, and putt Up at "The Bears Paw."

At Macclesfield he writes:

"Din'd at "The Angell," hir'd a chais' at 9d p. mile.

At Birmingham,

On Sunday, 29th inst., din'd at Mr. Birch's, cou'd not sett out that even for the rain.

Friday, 3rd April, hir'd a chais' at Hounslow, got to the City of London, lodged at Mr. Richford's, Law Lane.

Munday, 6th, din'd at Mr. Dyson's.

Tuesday, 7th, " at Mr. Alderson's.

Wednesday, 8th " at Mr. Ellington's.

Thursday, 9th " at Mr. Wallis.

Friday, 10th " at Mr. Pope.

Saturday, 11th " at Mr. Stephenson.

Sunday, 12th " at Mr. Hobkins.

Munday, 13th " at Mr. Allen's.

Tuesday, 14th " at The Paul's Head, with Mr. Maxwell.

Wednesday, 15th din'd with Mr. Dalbiac.

Thursday, 16th din'd at Dolly's Chop House, with Mr. Garner.

Friday, 17th, and Saturday, with Mr. Cookson.

Sunday, din'd at "The Three Sons," in the Strand.

He then returns home and lands at Dunleary, (now Kingstown) April 27th.

On the 28th February, 1773, he again went to London, and sailed "in The *Brittania*, Capt. Given Brown.

"Posting in a chais'," on the 2nd March, *he writes:*

"Abt. 2 miles from Northwich, a large market town 17 miles from Chester, is the seat of Mr. Lee; abt. 2 miles further, on the left is a very handsome seat built in the Gothick style, belonging to Mr. Ashley, it is said this gent was a painter, and when taking of the picture of a lady of large fortune, she asked him, if he wou'd like the original, and he ans'd., very well, upon w'h. they were marr'd, almost opposite to this seat, is a most magnificent seat belonging to Sir Peter Lester;" (near this) was a Mr. Egerton's fine demain, a gent'le of very large fortune, some count on him the most mony'd man in England, and has but one child, a daughter."

At Manchester, on March 30th, his diary says: "din'd at Mr. Hodson's, spent the evg. At Mr. Walker's before supper, went to the play and saw the Gamester, very badly performed."

On Thursday, he went "with the Miss Hodsons to the Assembly Rooms, and on Saturday with them to the play," he "saw the Jealous Husband tolerably performed, sup'd at Mr. Hodson's."

On Monday, 7th, "breakfasted at Mr. Taylor's, went to St. Jno. Church, both morning and evening, drank tea and sup'd at Mr. Hodson's.

Later on we find him at Bath; on Monday, 15th March, is the entry “went to the Bath Theatre to Jane Shore and Cross Purposes; also dancing on the tight rope by Sig’r Ferzi. The new pump room and the ball rooms are very elligant.”

At Calne, W’h is seven miles out of the road, but went these to get some low serges.

N.B. This is the only business remark he makes through the whole record.

Sunday, 21st, “went to St. Clement’s Church, went from church to walk in Kensington Gardens, din’d at the Bunch of Grapes, a very dear house.”

Munday, 22nd, “went to Drury Lane to see Alonzo the Brave, and The Wedding Ring.”

Tuesday, 23rd, “Coxes Museum.”

25th, inst., “went to Drury Lane to see Venice Preserved, and A Peep behind the Curtain.”

26th, inst., “went with Mr. Baker to see the Orritoria at Drury Lane.”

Saturday, 27th, “went with Mr. McCullogh to see Foot’s Poppet Show, a very foolish performance.”

On Munday and Tuesday, “spent the evening at the Castle, with Captain Cooke.”

Tuesday, 1st April, “went to Covent Garden to see, She Stoops to Conquer, and The Padlock.”

5th April, Chester. “Hir’d 3 hours from the widow Maffett, outside the west gate, at 1 guinea apiece, we to pay the turnpikes and ferries.”

His third trip was on Thursday, 23rd February, 1775, “he went on board the Bessborough packet, Mr. Williams, master, sailed at 5 in the ev’g, landed at Hollyhead at eight in the morning of Friday, 24th. The Bessborough, a very good vessal, and a very civil captain. Bro’t over my own mare, for w’h. I paid ½ guinea freight, and 5s. 5d. for entering her. Staid 3 hours at Hollyhead to rest the mare.” (He afterward exchanged her at Macclesfield) for “a little dun.”

Some idea of the expenses of traveling at that time may be gathered from a bill of his –

					s.	d.
Chais to St. Albans	-	-	-	-	15	0
Boys	-	-	-	-	2	0
Turnpike	-	-	-	-	1	0
Ostler	-	-	-	-	0	4
Dinner at St. Asaphs					10	0
Chambermaid	-	-	-	-	2	0
Ale	-	-	-	-	0	6
Tea	-	-	-	-	4	8
Tea	-	-	-	-	2	6
Supper	-	-	-	-	10	0

In the diary there is a list of clothes, he brought with him on 24th February, 1773. “In the saddle bags.”

13 Shirts, 13 stocks, 4 Camb’k, 5 linen, 4 silk handkerchiefs, 3 p’r white, 5 p’r col’d, 1 p’r black silk stockings, 3 p’r worsted, 1 p’r thread do., 1 p’r stocks, 3 night caps.

The names of the Inns he "lay at" in England were, -- The Bell, The Crown, The Christopher, The Anchor, the King's Arms, The White Hart, The Dog, The Hen and Chickens, The Sarasen's Head, The Three Woolpacks, The Dun Cow.

Alexander of Drumcondra, was married twice; first to Mary Mitchell, nee Ireland, secondly to Esther Henderson. He has entered his childrens names and births on the leaf of a very ancient Bible, only the leaf and picture remain, and are in my father's possession.

It will be noted that he and his first cousin, William of Conheath, use the same family names, pertaining to the Kirkmichael-Kirkpatrick's -- Margaret, Elizabeth, Jane, Alexander, Thomas, William, from a similarity in the dates, it would seem they were in constant correspondence.

Alexander; himself a third son, calls his third son, Alexander. The family names used chiefly by the Closeburn Kirkpatrick's, were Thomas, James, Roger, Yvone, and Samuel.

Copy of leaf of Bible, written by Alexander of Drumcondra,

Alexander Kirkpatrick		
Born 1714,		
Died at Drumcondra House, August, 1791		
	born.	died.
Margaret Kirkpatrick, daughter	1 August, 1741	
Jane Kirkpatrick	4 August, 1742	6 Feb. 1758
Anne Kirkpatrick	4 July, 1743	
John Kirkpatrick	8 July, 1744	4 June, 1757
Elizabeth Kirkpatrick	21 April, 1746	
Richard Kirkpatrick	8 March, 1747	
Margaret Kirkpatrick	20 April, 1748	Nov. 17, 1819
Alexander Kirkpatrick	1 April, 1749	10 June, 1818
Mary Kirkpatrick	20 April, 1750	Nov. 17, 1817
Esther Kirkpatrick	26 Sept. 1754	25 Nov. 1755
Penelope Kirkpatrick	23 Nov. 1755	
John Kirkpatrick	4 January 1757	Jan. 1766
Francis Kirkpatrick	14 Dec. 1758	Jan 15 th , 1818
Esther Kirkpatrick	20 April 1760	
Jane Kirkpatrick	24 August, 1764	Oct. 1792
Thos. Kirkpatrick	18 October, 1766	
William Kirkpatrick	27 March, 1768	

In his last Will and Testament, dated 21st November 1789 --

To his eldest son, Alexander, he bequeaths the lands of Mohubber, a rent charge of L40 per annum out of Ballyvoneen, in County Tipperary; the lands of Colemine (Coolmine) and spelt Colemeyne in the title deeds, the lands of Ballymena, Co. Antrim, four houses in Ormonde Street, one new and one old house in Bridge Street, one house in Church Street, one house Cuffe Street, one house Francis Street, one

House situate in Merchant's Quay (then a fashionable locality), plate and furniture in his house in Merchant's Quay and Drumcondra. In the event of Alexander's death, without heirs male, Coolmine will go to William.

To Francis, his second son, the lands of Rathmoon, Co. Wicklow, also L500. He having already advanced him L2,500.

To William, his third son, the Estates of Talbotstown and Englishtown, otherwise Garry Kilberry, Co. Wicklow, and is an equivalent to the charges on this property L4,000; he having already advanced him L2,000.

To his daughter, Elizabeth, an annuity of L150 a year off Englishtown.

To his daughter, Margaret Gorman, L100 a year for life, and L2,000 to her heirs off Talbotstown.

To his daughters, Penelope Andrews, Mary Humfrey, and Jane Stevelly, L1,000 each.

To his nephews, Alexander Thomas; and Francis Jordan L25 each.

To his cousin, Margaret Dougherty, otherwise Croan of Londonderry, L10.

To Elizabeth Clendinin, daughter of Alex. Clendinin, L50, and L30 to her brother, William.

His sons, Alexander and William, and his son-in-law, Thomas Andrews, are appointed executors.

Francis, his second son, had offended him by going into the army.

His sister, Mrs. Jordan, was Miss Clendinin's grandmother.

Miss Clendinin lived at Coolmine for many years afterwards, dying there in 1836. Some of her needlework, a large hassock, is still in good preservation.

In my grandfather's writing ther is a memorandum, concerning a relationship between "Mrs. Jordan and the Stewarts."

In Dr. Clapperton's MSS. I find "a contract of marriage betwixt y'e Laird of Closeburne and y'e guide wife of Friescar, Barbara Stewart, relict of Umquile Johnne Kirkpatrick of Aliesland," (Dumfrieshire).

This contract signed, (facsimiles being given): --

By "Closeburne," and Barbara Stewart, also by "Kirkmichael," and John Stewart. Kirkmichael is described as "William Kirkpatrick the younger, of Kirkmichael." The signature is particularly good.

The contract is dated "the xvii. Day of December, the Zier of God, 1600."

*Alexander died 17th August 1791, at Drumcondra House, and is buried in the Capuchin Burying Ground in the Parish of St. Luke and St. Kevins.

His eighth child, and eldest surviving son, Alexander of Coolmine succeeded him..

The following is the record in the Family Bible written by him –

"Alexander Kirkpatrick married Marianne Sutton, on Wednesday, 16th May, 1792."

Their issue –

A daughter, Elizabeth, born April 29, 1793.

Died at Quebec, August 10, 1828.

A daughter, Margaret, born April 22, 1794.

Died at Corstown, 27 Mar., 1873.

*Died at Drumcondra, Alexander Kirkpatrick, fen., Eq." From *The Bath Chronicle*, Thursday, September 8, 1791

A daughter, Anne,		born April 17, 1795. died at Coolmine House, 5 Nov., 1869 buried at Mount Jerome.
A son, Alexander,		born April 10, 1796. died at Coolmine House, Nov. 21, 1878. buried at Mount Jerome.
George	-	born February 8, 1798. died at Hazelbank, Craigs, July 8, 1889. buried at Craigs.
Catharine	-	born February 8, 1799. died at Coolmine House, October 22, 1842 buried at Mount Jerome.
Mary	-	born June 20, 1802. died at 54 Lower Baggot St., Dublin, 22 April, 1885. buried at Mount Jerome.
Francis	-	born Nov. 26, 1803 died at Weston-Super-Mare, England, 3 February, 1884
Lydia	-	born January 7, 1805 died at 4 Upper Merion St., Dublin, 13 January, 1888 buried at Mount Jerome.
Thomas	-	born December 25, 1807 died at Kingstown, Canada, March 26, 1870
William	-	born March 23, 1807 died at Arcadia, Co. Down, Dec. 20, 1831
Joseph	-	born March 4, 1808 died February 18, 1809
Stafford Frederick		born Dec. 12, 1809 died at Peterboro, Canada, July 27, 1858

The first death in 1809.

The last death in 1889.

Marianne Sutton was daughter of Alderman George Sutton, who died in office as Lord Mayor of Dublin, 1800.

Alexander Kirkpatrick was High Sheriff of Dublin, 1783-84. High Sheriff of County Dublin 1798. Whilst High Sheriff for the county he was severely wounded when quelling some riots. At one time he stopped a duel between Fox and Grattan. During the Rebellion in '98, Mr. Kirkpatrick commanded the Clonsilla Yeomanry; at one time they were quartered near Dunshauglin, County Meath, he and his brother-in-law, Mr. Sutton, drove there from Coolmine, his servant riding his charger; they stopped for a short time at Mr. Nelson's, the clergyman's house, but he urged them to press on to the camp. Mr. Sutton forgot his bag at the Vicarage, and sent the servant riding back for it, when he arrived there, he and the horse were seized by the rebels who had entered the town, and had murdered Mr. Nelson. Some days later the battle of Tara took place, and the Clonsilla Yeomanry were in the engagement. A rebel rode the captive horse, who as soon as he heard the bugle-call of his own corps galloped back to the Yeomanry thus taking the rebel prisoner. Mr. Kirkpatrick at once named him "Loyalty," and never parted with the good horse, who died years afterwards at Coolmine.

He declined being Lord Mayor of Dublin twice – in those days it was an honor. He was offered a baronetcy but refused it. A handsome illuminated address from the Corporation, to him, is at Coolmine. In 1787 he was a Free Mason, Lodge 198, in Ireland, the degree Royal Arch Masonry. In 1798 he built Coolmine House. Some years afterwards he sold the Drumcondra Estate.

In a letter from the Rev. Richard Carr Kirkpatrick to my grandfather there is a reference to “two cousins who came over from Scotland in our grandfather’s time to enquire about family papers.”

It is a pity no record has been kept concerning these cousins and the “family papers.” No doubt they were some of the numerous sons of William of Conheath.

My grand-aunts, Mary and Lydia, remembered when they were children, “two young men, cousins from Spain, coming to Coolmine” (certainly William of Conheath’s son Thomas died at Malaga, according to the Clapperton MSS.)

At all events my great grandfather, Alexander of Coolmine, met William of Malaga, H.I.M. The Empress Eugenie’s grandfather, in Dublin. No doubt he came out to Coolmine, or stayed with him in his town house, 40 Great George’s Street, and afterwards a correspondence was kept up between them.

One letter I remember announced the engagement of his daughter to the Count of Montijo. This has been lost.

The following one is in my father’s possession at Coolmine. The date of their meeting is not mentioned. The nephew he speaks of may have been his elder brother John’s son, who married Miss Stotherd, at Ostend (our kinsman, the late Mr. Stock, had some correspondence with the Stotherds) or perhaps his brother Thomas’s. No doubt he was one of the two cousins my great-aunts remembered.

Copy of letter –

Malaga

26 October, 1814.

My dear Sir,

I have learnt with infinite satisfaction from my nephew, who had the pleasure of seeing you, in Dublin, a short time ago, that you continue to enjoy good health, and had had the goodness to introduce him to several of your merchants in the wine and fruit trade, from which I have great hopes much benefit will result to my new establishment and for which I beg you may admit of my best thanks.

Since I had last the pleasure of seeing you in Dublin, I have experienced many ups and downs in the world. I have seen myself completely independent but the French invasion ruined me.

However, thank God, I have again, thro’ the assistance of friends, got upon my own legs in pretty extensive line of business, with every expectation of doing well, which I am convinced you will be glad to learn. When an opportunity occurs of recommending my house, I beg you will not fail to do so to any of your friends in the habit of speculating in this quarter, a word from you may have a good effect.

I take the liberty of enclosing you Cap’t William Foxe’s Bill of lading for A.K. –

2 boxes of Muscatel Raisins

1 box of Almonds and two boxes of grapes

ship to your address, on board the brig 'Mary,' which have the goodness to retain and admit of for the use of your table.

Cap't Foxe will deliver you this on his arrival.

I sincerely wish you every happiness, and with true regards,

My dear Sir,

Your most affect. C.G. (i.e. cousin German),

WILLIAM KIRKPATRICK

Kirkpatrick & Grivegnee.

Alexander Kirkpatrick, Esq.,

Dublin.

The ceremonious beginning of this letter and the affectionate ending is indicative of the greater courtesy and ceremony observed in those times.

My gand-aunts remembered the cases of fruit arriving, it seems he sent them on several occasions.

* * * * *

My great grandfather never fully recovered from the effects of the wounds he received in 1798. He died on July 10th, 1818.

A handsome tomb in perfect repair, in the Capuchin Burying Grounds marks where he lies: -

Inscription—

This Tomb was erected
By
Alex. Kirkpatrick, of
The City of Dublin,
In memory of his Father,
Alexander Kirkpatrick, Esq.,
Who departed this life
August 17, 1791, Aged 77.

Within are interred –

The remains of his daughter
Margaret Gorman
Who departed this life Nov. 4, 1817.

And his son –

Alexander Kirkpatrick
One of the 14 Aldermen of the City of Dublin,
Who departed this life July 10, 1818,
Aged 69.

Two exquisitely painted miniatures, framed in old blue enamel and diamonds, of *Alexander and his wife Marianne, together with the blue enameled watch surrounded with pearls, that he gave her as a wedding present, are in my father's possession. The watch was left by my grand-aunt Lydia to him.

It is to be regretted the records of this old graveyard, in the parishes of St. Luke's and of St. Kevin's, have been lost for many years. It is one of the landmarks of old Dublin. Possibly it may soon be swept away, and its beautiful scarlet hawthornes cut down.

His eldest son, Alexander, born April 10th, 1796, was his heir, and always lived at Coolmine. He was educated at Armagh School, Ireland, and was M.A., Trinity College, Dublin; called to the Bar, 1820. He was a member of many Committees, and on different occasions gave great help to the Conservative Cause. On May 12th, 1825, he married Mary Anne Rutherford, third daughter of John Rutherford, Esq. of St. Doulough's Co. Dublin, and his wife Sarah Rosanna, daughter of Martin Brownly, Esq., of Co. Dublin.

Copy from Family Bible.

Their issue –

Alexander	-	born Nov. 15, 1828
John Rutherford		born October 2, 1831 died April 8, 1889 buried at Mount Jerome.
Thomas Sutton		born Dec. 1833 died June 18, 1895
George Brownly		born Sept. 13, 1835
William Henry		born Oct. 21, 1836 died Dec. 11, 1875 buried at Mount Jerome
Sarah Rosanna		

On the 12th May, 1875, he and my grand mother celebrated their golden wedding; nearly all of their descendants being present, and at that time with the exception of an infant grandson, there had been no death in the immediate family circle. As a thanksgiving offering they gave donations to several Hospitals and Charities.

*In his will, dated 27th January 1814, he leaves legacies to John, and Anne Mitchell, Killeel, Co. Down.

Before the close of the year, their youngest son, William Henry, died at Coolmine, Dec. 1st, 1875, much regretted. My grandmother being then ill herself, never recovered from the shock, and died deservedly beloved by all, July 31st, 1876.

Two years afterwards, her husband followed her on November 21st, 1878, full of years and honours.

* * * * *

ALEXANDER KIRKPATRICK, OF COOLMINE, born November 15th, 1828; educated at Portora School, Ireland, B.A. Trinity College, Dublin. Is a member of the Grand Juries for County of Dublin and Queen's County, and is on various committees connected with both Counties.

On 11th May, 1854, he married Maria Louisa Robinson, 3rd dau. of the Rev. Robert de Lapere Croasdaile Robinson (Rector of Ballingarry, Co. Tipperary), of Ballynavin Castle, and his wife, Maria Peacocke Reade, their five children are:

1 – Alexander De Lapere, educated at Arlington House, B.A. Trinity College, Dublin; Captain 5th Royal Dublin Fusiliers, Co. Dublin Militia.

2 – Henry Robert Bruce, educated Reading College; married 1st October, 1884, Lucy Maud, dau. of J. Oliver, Esq. of Haldain, Kent, and Meaford, Ontario, by his wife Hannah, dau. of George Ellis, and Susan Emery, of Tenterden, Kent, has issue,

1 – Gerald Bellew, died 1886.

2 – Alexander Cecil

3 – Kathleen

4 – Norma

5 – Alma

3 – George William Hubert Douglas, educated St. Columa's and Trinity College, Dublin; married July 23rd, 1896, Helen Morton, dau. of John Ross, Esq. of Tankardstown, issue,

1 – Lucian Douglas Bruce

4 – Mary Anna Emily, married 7th March, 1888, William Francis Hunter, Esq. of Doonholm, Scotland, issue,

1 – Alexander Reginald Donald

2 – Ernest Francis

3 – Beatrice Cecil Emily

4 – Doris Rosina

5 – Maria Rosanna Eugenie

My dear mother died 27th, 1877, at La Bergerie, Portarlinton, very deeply mourned, and is buried at Mount Jerome.

The pedigree of her family is given later on.

ALEXANDER, OF COOLMINE, married secondly, on 5th April 1880. Dorothy Elizabeth, widow of Captain Frederick Darley, Bengal Staff Corps, and younger dau. of Thomas Alley, Esq. of Artane, Co. Dublin, and his wife, Sarah Trumbull.

Their children,

- 1 – Thomas Lionel Guy Alley
- 2 – Francis Philip Dudley Ethelbert
- 3 – Dorian Errol

The Alley pedigree is given later on.

* * * * *

ALEXANDER OF DRUMCONDRA had seventeen children.

The four eldest died infants.

5 – Elizabeth, d. unmarried

6 – John, d. young.

7 – Margaret, b. 20th April, 1748; m. Stafford Gorman, Esq.; d. Nov. 4th, 1817, no issue.

8 – Alexander of Coolmine.

9 – Mary, born 18th June, 1750; m. William Humfrey, Esq. of Cavancor, Co. Donegal, 5th February, 1774; died Nov. 12th, 1817, issue 12 children.

Benjamin Geale humfrey was her 12th, in India he married Mary Keys, 3rd July, 1823, and d. 3rd Feb. 1865.

Like his cousins he was an officer in the army, and served in the Peninsular War, and afterwards was with his regiment in India and Australia. He had a medal and nine clasps.

In the old house, "Fair View," Glasnevin, there is an inscription written on a pane of glass with a diamond,

"Mary Kirkpatrick, July 17, 1765
Tender, slender, very young,
An ugly face and pleasing tongue."

Glasnevin is not far from Drumcondra, and Mary would have been about 15 years of age at the time these lines were written. Mary's mother died after her birth.

10 – Ester, d. an infant.

11 – Penelope, b. 23rd Nov. 1755; m. 22nd Dec. 1774, Alderman Thomas Andrews, High Sheriff, 1780, Lord Mayor of Dublin, 1798-1799; his father was Thomas Andrews, 1780, aged 65; his mother, died 1791, aged 75; her maiden name was Hannah English, issue five sons, and five daughters,

1 – Alexander, died 1864 ; Captain in the Rifles, served in Peninsular War; he married Elizabeth Rynd, issue seven children. His third son, Francis, Capt. In the Rifles, was killed in the Indian Mutiny.

2 – Thomas, killed at the Battle of Toulouse.

3 – Francis, Capt. 45th Regiment, served in Peninsular War.

4 – William

5 – Elizabeth, m. Wm. Sanders of Charleville, Capt. 17th Regiment; her eldest son, was Christopher, Lt. in 19th Regiment, whose daughter Elizabeth, widow of Capt. Kennedy; m. 22nd June, 1869, Sir George Ribton, Bart.

- 6 – Thoams of Sanders Park, m. Mary Dunn.
 - 7 – Robert, Colonel 19th Regiment, Killed at battle of the Alma, d.s.p.
 - 8 – Francis Alexander, m. Mary Cooper.
 - 9 – Penelope, m. Fred Darley, Esq.; she died in 1886, aged 96 years.
 - 10 – Maria, m. Joseph Stock, Esq.
- Penelope Andrews is buried in the Capuchin Burying Ground

Alexander of Drumcondra's children continued –

- 12 – John Kirkpatrick, d. an infant.
- 13 – Francis of Rathmoon, of whom presently.
- 14 – Esther, d. an infant.
- 15 – *Jane, m Robert Stavelly, of Croydon Park, Co. Dublin, her son was Robert Jones Stavelly, his second son, Robert Butler Stavelly, of Glanduff Castle. The present head of the family is Arthur Patrick Stavelly, London. Mrs. Sarah Stavelly, widow of Jas. Butler Stavelly, Robert's 3rd son, is the owner of Croydon Park.
- 16 – Thomas, d. young.
- 17 – William of Donacomper, of whom presently.

In the "Iron Chest" at Coolmine there is a parchment, inscribed, "articles previous to the intermarriage of Mr. Robert Stavelly, Junior, with Miss Jane Kirkpatrick," dated 23rd May, 1782. Mr. Robert Stavelly settled £3,000 on her, and a jointure of £300 per annum should she survive him. Her father gave her then £2,000 as her dowry, and left her an additional £1,000 in his will. Her trustees were Robert Jones Stavelly, Senr., and her brother Alexander. Her signature and theirs are on the document. Jane died 1792 – (A. de L. K.)

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK, 13TH CHILD OF ALEXANDER KIRKPATRICK OF DRUMCONDRA

FRANCIS Kirkpatrick, born 14th December, 1758, thirteenth child of Alexander of Drumcondra.

Copy of Bible –

Married 5th August, 1786, Mary Darley, daughter of Henry Darley, Esq., of New Grove, Co. Dublin.

Issue, seven sons and eight daughters.

Copy –

Alexander, born	15 March, 1788, died young.
Mary	“ 25 May 1790
Alexander	“ 13 August 1791
Esther	“ 28 Nov. 1792, died young
Henry	“ 29 Dec. 1794
Anne	“ 2 December, 1795, d.s.p.
William	“ 13 August, 1797, d.s.p.
Fanny	“ 16 May 1799
Francis	“ 10 Nov. 1800, died young.
Francis	“ 24 Dec. 1802
Elizabeth	“ 10 June 1804, died young
Elizabeth	“ 1 November 1806, d.s.p.
Sarah	“ 10 April 1808, died young
Olivia	“ 29 April 1809
Frederick	“ 29 March 1812, died 1895

Francis Kirkpatrick was a captain in the army. On leaving it he went to Bruges for the education of his children and died there in 1815.

Here it may be remarked, there is a family of Kirkpatrick's that have lived at Bruges for many years, they trace their descent from Mary Queen of Scots daughter, by Bothwell, the Princess Bridget. Miss Strickland has written of her in "*Unknown to History.*"

This princess's daughter married their ancestor, a Kirkpatrick. Francis' eldest surviving son, Alexander, inherited the family property "The Lands of Rathmoon, in Co. Wicklow." In 1823 he sold the property to Matthew Coogan, Esq., Co. Wicklow, in order to help Lord Byron in his expedition for relief of the Greeks. He died in Greece of fever contracted in the war in 1824.

Henry, Lieut. in the Royal Navy, was taken prisoner by the French under The Emperor Napoleon, spent three years in a French prison, and died soon after his release from the effects of his hardships.

William was an officer in the army and died when quite a young man, of fever, in Spain during the Peninsular War.

Mary, married Patrick Fleming, Esq., of Strabane, Ireland.

Issue three sons –

Francis, held a Chaplaincy abroad, died at Torquay.

William, Vicar of Chrischurch, Chiselhurst, near London.

James, Vicar of St. Michaels, Chester Square, Residentiary Canon of York, Precentor of York Minister, Chaplain-in-Ordinary to the Queen, Hon. Chaplain to the Prince of Wales, and Hon. Chaplain to the Duke of Westminster, K.G.

Fanny, married James Battersby, Esq., who was first an officer in the army and afterwards in the Constabulary.

Elizabeth, married William Pyne, Esq., Kilburn, London.

Olivia, married William Learmouth, Esq., London.

Frederick, his youngest child was educated at a school in Waterford, and at Trinity College, Dublin, and went into the medical profession. He took his degree of L.R.C.S.I. in 1836, M.B. 1837, F.R.C.S.I. 1844, President of the Royal College of Surgeons, 1872-3. He married Susan, daughter of George Ivy, Esq., of Waterford, issue –

Frederick, d.s.p.

Susan

Marie Georgina

He died at his residence, 9 Merrion Square, Dublin, on January 2nd, 1895, in his 82nd year, a “friend to the poor” and beloved and respected by all who knew him.

**WILLIAM KIRKPATRICK OF DONACOMPER
17TH CHILD OF ALEXANDER KIRKPATRICK OF DRUMCONDRA.**

WILLIAM Kirkpatrick, born 27th March, 1769, died 7th January, 1844, was the 17th and youngest child of Alexander of Drumcondra, from his will it may be inferred he was his favourite son. He succeeded to the Talbotstown estate, Co. Wicklow, on the death of his father, 1791; soon afterwards he bought the estate of Shielstown in the same County.

He was a man of cultivated and artistic tastes, evidences of which may be seen through the house at Donacomper, in the form of exquisite specimens of old Irish silver antique Dresden china, pictures and an immense Oriental China Bowl, in which all his children were baptized, as it was not then customary for the “quality” to go to the church; perhaps some of these curios belonged to his father from whom he inherited his tastes.

William when quite a young man built Coolmine Cottage as a hunting box, where he entertained, and hunted with the Meath Hounds. He kept a fine stud of horses, in the excellence of which both there, and afterwards at Donacomper, bore ample testimony to the good judgement in horse flesh, which he possessed to a remarkable degree, and which he transmitted to his eldest son Alexander, many a good race, including the first Punchestown, 1845.

In the rebellion, 1798, William was an officer in the Yeomanry, his accoutrements are still at Donacomper.

*In 1804, he bought that property, and in 1809, married Mary, only daughter and afterwards heiress of Richard Cooban Carr, Esq. of Greenfield Howth, Co. Dublin, and 35, Montjoy Square, Dublin, she was the last of her family.

William is buried at Mount Jerome, a large body of his tenantry attended his funeral on horseback.

Issue, four sons and two daughters –

- 1 – Alexander Richard, b. August, 1813, died Feb. 17th, 1891; Scholar, Trinity Hall, Cambridge, Mathematical Tripos 1837, called to the Bar, 1840.
- 2 – George, b. 1816; called to the Bar, 1841, Ordained 1849, Rector of Castle Pollard; m. July, 1861, Mary, dau. of Rev. W. Eames, previous rector of Castle Pollard. Issue, 3 sons and 5 daughters of whom 2 sons and 4 daughters survive.
- 3 – William, b. 1819, d. 1859; he was one of the first officers in the Kildare Rifles, when they were originally raised.
- 4 – Richard Carr, b. Dec. 22nd, 1822; educated with William at Luxembourg College, Dublin, and Trinity College, Dublin, is Vicar of St. Augustine’s, London.
- 5 – Catherine, b. 1810; d. June 3rd, 1889.
- 6 – Isabella, d. young.

*Mr. William Donohoe’s, of Blanchardstown, father, Luke Donohoe, was steward to Mr. Kirkpatrick at Coolmine Cottage, and was afterwards steward there to Mr. Stock. Mr. Donohoe says his father worked at Donacomper before that date. – A. de L. K.

Alexander Richard Kirkpatrick succeeded to the Donacomper, Co. Wicklow Estates, Greenfield, Howth, and 35, Mountjoy Square, Dublin, bought the estate of Eadestown, Co. Wicklow, 1858. He married, August 29th, 1854, Katharine Louisa, daughter of Thomas Trench, Esq., of Millicent, Co., Kildare.

Mrs. Kirkpatrick is for her life the owner of Donacomper House, and Demesne. The same arrangement having been made in the last generation.

Their children –

- 1 – William Trench, who has succeeded his father, was educated at Rugby, Trinity College, Cambridge, called to the Bar, 1882.
- 2 – Ivone, educated Marlborough; Capt. S. Staffordshire Regiment, served in Soudan Campaign, 1884-85, two medals and clasp; m. 1894, The Hon. Mary hardinge, dau. of Sir Arthur Hardinge, K.C.B., and Maid of Honour to H.M. The Queen.
- 3 – Frederick Alexander, educated Wellington and Trinity, Cambridge; Clerical Tripos and Scholar.
- 4 – Alexander Thomas, educated Rugby and Trinity College, Dublin; In Holy Orders.
- 5 – Richard Trench, educated Rugby; Capt. Leinster Regiment.
- 6 – Lewis Carr, educated St. Columba's College.
- 7 – Elizabeth Mary, m. 1883, Major Hayford Douglas Thorold, Duke of Wellington's Regiment; served on Sir F. Carrington's Staff in Matabele Campaign, highly mentioned in dispatches.
- 8 – Alice Catherine.

Alexander Richard Kirkpatrick was buried February 17th, 1891, by his own wish, in the little churchyard of Donacomper, in preference to the family vault at Mount Jerome, a magnificent Celtic Cross is placed over his grave which is beautifully kept.

The churchyard contains the ruins of a church, the windows of which are twelfth century, the walls are supposed to be much older. Every church named "Domach" is believed to have been founded by St. Patrick himself., and he spent a night at each one.

From "Domach" is derived "Donagh" or "Dona" Comper. Anglice "The House of the Lord at the confluence of the waters."

The Shinkeen flows by the churchyard and joins the Liffey a quarter of a mile further on.

Mr. Kirkpatrick was beloved by all who knew him, rich and poor; the grief evinced by the latter at his funeral was very striking, and many and most touching were the tokens received by his family of their affection for him. Whilst on his other properties it was said by both Priests and others that they had never seen such deep widespread grief, extending even to children. He was carried to his-grave by his own tenants, several of them quite poor, who had come a long distance, and at no small cost, but they looked on him as a Father and a Friend.

**THE CHILDREN OF ALEXANDER AND MARIANNE (nee Sutton)
KIRKPATRICK (pp.23-24): –**

1 – Elizabeth, born April 29th, 1793, m. Colonel Colley Foster, Aide-de-Camp to Sir H. Drummond, she died at Quebec, August 10th, 1828, leaving issue.

2 – Margaret, b. April 22nd, 1794, m. Henry Cosgrave, Esq., of Corstown, Co. Dublin, d. 27th May 1873, leaving issue.

3 – Anne, b. April 17th, 1795, d. at Coolmine, 5th Nov. 1869, unmarried; she was always known as “good aunt Anne.”

4 – Alexander of Coolmine.

5 – George, b. 8th February, 1798; educated at Royal School, Armagh, B.A. Trinity College, Dublin, 14th February, 1818; Ordained a Deacon in Cloyne Cathedral, Sunday, 28th March 1821; Ordained a Priest, 16th May, 1822; held several Curacies, Rector of Craigs, 1840 – 1868; m. 17th March, 1829, Catherine Elizabeth, dau. of the very Rev. Francis Browne, Dean of Elphin, and his wife, Frances Hutchinson, dau. of Rev. Francis Hutchinson, Archdeacon of Down, and had issue,

1 – Alexander Thomas, b. 5th Jan. 1830; m. 30th May, 1869, Alicia, dau. of Rev. Robert King, Rector of Portglenone, has issue,

George King, d. an infant.

Robert.

Thomas Alexander, d. an infant.

Catherine Elizabeth.

2 – George Stephen, b. 26th Dec., 1832; m. 23rd February, 1870, Geraldine Frances, dau. of Andrew Castle Montgomery; R.M. for Co. Antrim, has issue,

George Alexander Montgomery.

Mary Browne, d. an infant.

Catherine Helen.

Lydia Mary.

My grand-uncle George, was sixty-seven years in the Ministry, and preached his last sermon 15th June, 1889, he died universally regretted on the 8th July, 1889, having survived all his brothers and sisters.

6 – Catherine, was distinguished for her great artistic talents in both painting and poetry, many specimens of her work are at Coolmine, she died unmarried.

7 – Francis, b. 26th November 1803; educated at Castleknock, Trinity College, Dublin, was Incumbent of S. Mary’s Mellor, in Lancashire, 1833, Vicar of West Hoathley, Sussex, 1853 to 1872.; he married April 26th, 1843, Ann, dau. of William Cox, of Dorchester-on-Thames, Oxford, issue,

1 – Alexander Francis

2 – Anne Esther, d. an infant.

3 – Elizabeth.

4 – Margaret Lydia.

He died at Weston-Super-Mare, on February 3rd, 1884.

His son, Alexander Francis, was educated at Haileybury College, Trinity College, Cambridge, 1867, elected Fellow, 1871; was assistant tutor of the College, 1871-82, when he was elected to the Regius Professorship of Hebrew to which is annexed a Canonry in Ely Cathedral, Examining Chaplain to Bishop Harold Browne, of Winchester, 1878-90, and Bishop Davidson, of Rochester, 1890-95, and Winchester, 1895-97, took B.D. degree, 1889, D.D. 1892; m. 25th June, 1884, Julia Mary, eldest dau. of Rev. J. Pemberton Bartlett, Rector of Exbury, Hants.

Their children,

Alexander Pemberton
Herbert Francis
Roger Maning
John Bartlett
Thomas Winfred
Dorothy Kathleen Lydia

8 – Mary, m. John Rutherford, Esq., of St. Doulough's, Co. Dublin; his second wife, no issue. She lived after her short married life at Coolmine, and was most charitable to the poor and generous.

She and Aunt Lydia, the youngest of the family lived together for many years at Coolmine, and afterwards at her residence, 54, Lower Baggot St., Dublin, where she died, April 1885; after that Aunt Lydia lived again at Coolmine, and died when on a visit at 4, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin, January 13th, 1888. Most universally beloved.

THOMAS KIRKPATRICK, fourth son of Alexander (1749-1818), born 25th Dec. 1805, died March 1870; went to Canada and settled at Kingston. Barrister-at-Law; Q.C., M.P., for County Frontenac; m. 1829, Helen, dau. of Alexander Fisher, District Judge, and had issue, five sons and four daughters, viz.—

1 – Alexander Sutton, Barrister-at-Law, b. 1835; m. 1858, Louisa, dau. of Joseph King, and had issue, viz. –

1 – Alexander King, b. 14th April, 1861, C.E., of Smith's Falls, Co. of Perth, Ontario; m. May, 1888, Margaret Alexandra, dau. of Alexander MacDougall, Barrister-at-Law, son of Lieut.-Col. MacDougall, 79th Highlanders, many years Inspecting Field-Officer for Upper Canada, and has had issue,

Alexander Keith MacDougal, b. April 18th, 1889.

Louisa Augusta, b. October 30th, 1890.

2 – Reginald Noble, b. 1864.

3 – Minnie Louisa, m. to Dr. Garrett, of Kingston.

4 – Helen Isabel, d. 1863.

2 – Thomas Frederick Sampson, of the Civil Service at Ottawa, b. 1837; d. 1896; m. Mary Ann, daughter of Walter Richard Jones.

3 – Francis William, in Holy Orders, b. 1839; m. 1867, Gertrude, dau. of Henry Gildersleeve, of Kingston; d. 1885, and had issue, viz. –

- 1 – Thomas Henry, b. 1868; d. 1869.
- 2 – Francis Grant, b. 1869, Barister-at-Law.
- 3 – Charles Stafford, b. 1871.
- 4 – William, b. 1872; d. 1873.

4 – Sir George Airey Kirkpatrick, K.C.M.G., b. 13th Sept., 1841, Lieut.-Col. Late 47th Frontenac Batt. Active Militia; Barrister-at-Law, 1865; Q.C., 1883 to 1887; Member of the Privy Council of Canada, May 1891; Lieut.-Governor of Ontario, 1st June, 1892; m. 1st, 25th Oct. 1865, Frances Jane, dau. of hon/ John Macaulay, of Kingston, she d. 20th Jan. 1877; 2ndly 26th Sept. 1883, Isobel Louise. dau. of the Hon. Sir David Lewis Macpherson, and has issue, viz. –

Of the first marriage –

- 1 – George Macaulay, b. 23rd Augst, 1866; Capt. R.E., m. Mary Lydia, 3^d dau. of J.F. Dennistoun, Q.C., 16th Dec., 1896.
- 2 – Arthur Thomas, b. 26th Feb., 1871, Capt. 14th Princess of Wales' Rifles, Secretary to the Lieut.-Governor, Barrister-at-Law.
- 3 – William Macpherson, b. 8th Oct., 1874.
- 4 – Guy Hamilton, b. 5th Nov. 1875.
- 5 – Helen Young.

and of the second marriage –

- 6 – Eric Reginald Macpherson, b. 18th Sep., 1884.

5 – James Stafford, Barrister-at-Law, of Kingston, b. 1848; m. 1876, Annie, dau. of William Macaulay, in Holy Orders; d. 1885, and had issue, viz. –

- 1 – Charlotte Grace.
- 2 – Jessie.

6 – Mariane Elizabeth, d.

7 – Henrietta, d. young.

8 – Emily Wallis, d. young.

9 – Helen Lydia, m. 1869, to Alex. Browne, of Longformacus, County of Berwick. Scotland.

STAFFORD FREDERICK KIRKPATRICK, b. 12th Dec., 1809; d., 1858; seventh son of Alexander (1749 – 1818) above named; went to Canada and settled at Peterboro, County of Peterboro, Barrister-at-Law; m. 1835, Henrietta, dau. of Alexander Fisher, District Judge, and had issue, vis. –

1 – William Alexander Wallis, C.E., b. 1839; d. 1883; m. 1875, Harriet, dau. of Joseph King and had issue –

- 1 – Stafford Frederick, b. 1878
- 2 – Harold William.
- 3 – Edwin King, d. young.
- 4 – Louisa.

2 – Frederic Fisher, b. 1848; m. July 1896, Isabel Cameron, second dau. of James G. Scott, late of Quebec.

3 – Annie Elizabeth, m. to Charles Jenkins of Petrolia Co. of Lambton, d. 1896.

4 – Marianne Helen, m. to John D. Noble of Petrolia.

5 – Catherine Adele, m. to James Frederick Dennistoun, Barrister-at-law, Q.C., of Peterboro.

6 – Mary Magdalene.

THE CHILDREN OF ALEXANDER KIRKPATRICK OF COOLMINE, AND MARY ANNE, HIS WIFE (nee Rutherford), 1796 – 1878.

1 – ALEXANDER OF COOLMINE.

2 – John Rutherford, b. 1831, d. 1889; educated at home, private tutors, B.A. Trinity College, Dublin, 1849; Bachelor in Medicine and Arts, 1855; Studied at Meath Hospital and County Dublin Infirmary; obtained junior Surgical prize on Clinical Surgery; Studied in London and Paris; appointed Assistant Master Rotunda Hospital, 1861; after this, he held many important posts, among which, may be mentioned Medical Officer to the North Dublin Union, Kilmainham, Bank of Ireland; Examiner in Midwifery to the Royal University.

In 1883, he was appointed Kings Professor of Midwifery in the School of Physic, Trinity College, and Obstetric Physician to Sir Patrick Dunnes Hospital. Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, of the Royal College of Physicians, of the Royal Academy of Medicine in Ireland.

He was author of several valuable papers on medical subjects, and had a large and valuable practice in Dublin. His death was an irreparable loss to science and his many friends. He married Catherine, eldest dau. of Thomas Drury, Esq., of Dartry, Rathmines, June, 1864.

Their children,

- 1 – Alexander Ronald Yvone, educated Foyle College, Londonderry, Royal Military Academy, Woolwich; Lieutenant in the Royal Artillery.
- 2 – Thomas Percy Claude, educated Foyle College, Trinity College, Dublin; gained the Irish Society School Exhibition; Graduated in Arts as gold medallist in Ethics and Logic; entered Medical School; Studied at Sir Patrick Dunne's Hospital, where he obtained The Haughton Clinical Medal in Medicine; obtained the Degree of Bachelor of Medicine; M.B. of Surgery (Bch.) and Midwifery (B.W.I.), and Doctor of Medicine; M.D. of the Dublin University, and L.M. of the Rotunda Hospital.
- 3 – Marian Florence Edith.
- 4 – Mary Ann Kathleen.
- 5 – Constance Violet.
- 6 – Irene Nora.
- 7 – Hilda Vanora, d. 1875.
- 8 – Lorna Isobel Audrey.
- 9 – Ruby Sybil Rutherford.

3 – Thomas Kirkpatrick, third son, b. December, 1833; gazetted to the 28th Regiment, 1853, and suffered great hardships during the Crimean War, and was invalided home in 1855. During the Indian Mutiny he commanded the attack on the fortress of Beyt, and was mentioned in dispatches; in 1864 he exchanged into the 3rd Dragoon Guards. Left the service in 1869, and was appointed Deputy Governor of Coldbathfields Prison, and afterwards was Governor at Exeter, Newgate and other Prisons; retired in 1892; m. in 1864, Rosa, youngest dau. of Frederick Marriot, Esq., issue –

- 1 – Ernest Vyvyan, d. an infant.
- 2 – Cyril Reginald Sutton, his eldest son, was educated at Repton, is a Civil Engineer; m. in 1897, Pauline Elizabeth Courthope, eldest dau. of the Rev. Joseph Last.
- 3 – Claude Ronald Yvone, educated Harrow.
- 4 – Ida Marion.
- 5 – Ethel Alice.
- 6 – Muriel Rosa Sybil.

Captain Kirkpatrick died at his residence, "The Gables," Harrow-on-the-Hill, June 18th, 1895, universally regretted.

4 – GEORGE BROWNLY KIRKPATRICK, fourth son of Alexander (1796 – 1878), b. 13th Sept., 1835, settled in Canada; he is Director of Surveys for the Province of Ontario, and Member of the Board of Examiners of Land Surveyors, Ontario; m. 1865, Mary Frances, d. 1887, dau. of Robert Morris, of Liverpool, England, and has issue, viz. –

- 1 – Alexander Mainwaring Morris, b. 11th July, 1866; m. 1888, Caroline Adelaide, dau. of Lieut.-Col. George Taylor Denison (see Denison) and has issue,

- 1 – Alexander Douglas, b. 1st Jan., 1891.
- 2 – George Denison, b. 25th Aug., 1896.
- 3 – Mary Caroline; d. 1890.
- 4 – Marjory Lilian.
- 5 – Mary Eileen.

2 – George Robert Foster, b. 30th Aug., 1868; m. 1891, May, only child of Dr. Rowell, of Toronto, and has issue,

- 1 – Aileen May, d. 1895.
- 2 – Gladys Emily, b. 26th Aug., 1896.

3 – William Rutherford, b. 7th Oct., 1870.
4 – Goldwin Smith, b. 12th April, 1872; m. 1894, Maud Fern, dau. of H.A.L. White, Barrister-at-Law of St. Mary's Ontario, and has issue,

- 1 – Goldwin Yvone, b. 7th August, 1896.

5 – Arthur James Ernest, b. 29th April, 1876.
6 – Mabel Theodora.

5 – William Henry, who d. unm. Dec. 1st, 1875, greatly regretted.
6 – Sarah Rosana.

PART III.**PEDIGREE OF SIR JAMES KIRKPATRICK, BARONET,
THE HOUSE OF CLOSEBURNE.**

Finn Mac-Cual, A.D. 200

The tribe of Alsani, A.D. 300

Cella Patricii, A.D. 370
They held lands in Nithsdale A.D. 800.

Cospatric, A.D. 1066.

Yvone de Kirkpatrick,
Lord of Closeburne, 1135.

Yvone de Kirkpatrick,
Lord of Closeburne, 1232.

Adam de Kirkpatrick.

Stephen de Kirkpatrick,
Lord of Closeburne, 1278.

Sir Roger Kirkpatrick,
of Closeburne, 1305.

Sir Roger Kirkpatrick,
of Closeburne and Caerlaverock, 1357.

Sir Winfred Kirkpatrick,
of Closeburne

THE KIRKPATRICKS OF CLOSEBURNE.

WINFRED OF CLOSEBURNE was succeeded by his brother Roger, (whose second son was Alexander, of Kirkmichael, 1484.) his eldest son, Thomas, m. Maria Maxwell, dau. of Herbeert, second Lord Maxwell, by Isabell, dau. of Lord Seaton, he d. 1502; and was succeeded by his second son, Henry, who m. Dame Elizabeth Grierson (dau. of the Baron of Lagg). His eldest son,

Sir THOMAS KIRKPATRICK, of Closeburne, m. Margaret Sinclair, dau. of the Lord of Rosslyn, d. 1515, succeeded by his only son Thomas, who was able to muster 400 men for battle; he was taken prisoner at the battle of Solway Moss, 1542, his only son, d.s.p.; and his cousin Roger Kirkpatrick, inherited Closeburne. He m. Lady Jean Cuninghame, dau. of William, sixth Earl of Clencarne, and grand-dau. of the 5th Earl, by Lady Jane Hamilton, and grand-dau. of the 1st Lord

Hamilton, by his wife, the Princess Mary, dau. of James II. He had issue, 1 – Thomas; 2 – Samuel of Auchenleck; 3 – Alexander. His eldest son, Thoams of Closeburne, was gentleman of the Privy Chamber to James VI, M.P. 1593, who m. twice; 2ndly Barbara, 1614; dau. of Sir Alexander Stewart, of Galies, ancestor of the Earls of Galloway. He had two daughters, Margaret, who m. Alexander Kirkpatrick, Lord of Kirkmichael, and Susanah, by his first wife (name unknown) and Thomas, his heir; 2 – George, 3 – John, 4 – Alexander.

THOMAS KIRKPATRICK, of Closeburne, m. Dame Agnes Charteris, dau. of Sir John Charteris, by his wife, Lady Margaret Fleming, dau. of the 1st Earl of Wigton. His other children were, Thomas, d.s.p.; John, d.s.p.; Robert, Samuel, Roger, Charles, a Captain in the Army. Robert his third son, inherited Closeburne, and m. Dame Grizzel, dau. of William Baillie, Esq., by Grizzel, dau. of Sir Claude Hamilton, brother of the 1st Earl of Abercorn, had 4 daughters, Grizzel, Agnes, Marian, Jean, and several sons.

THOMAS, his heir, created Baronet, 1685, for his unswerving fidelity to the Royal house of Stuart, married three times; 1st Hon. Isabella, dau. of John Lord Torpichen; 2ndly, Sarah, dau. of Robert Fergusson, of Craighdarroch; 3rdly, Grizzel, dau. of James Hamilton of Raplock. He had a large family. His second son, Roger, “a youth of great promise,” saw the fatal swan and died. Three sons of his landed in Ireland, at the Giant’s Causeway in an open boat, about 1690, and settled in the North of Ireland. (One of the descendants of these Kirkpatrick’s was James Kirkpatrick, Esq., of Kinflay, Co. Antrim, whose dau. Elizabeth, m. John Wilson, of Ballycloughan.) His eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, m. Isabel, dau. of Sir William Lockhart, by Lady Isabel Douglas, sister to William, 1st Duke of Queensberry, his issue,

- 1 – Thomas.
- 2 – A dau., d. young.
- 3 – William.
- 4 – James, d.s.p. at Calcutta.
- 5 – Robert, d.s.p.

His third son, William Kirkpatrick, of Ailsland, m. Jean, dau. of Charles Erskine, Lord Alva, gt. grandson of John, Earl of Mar. His (William’s) son, was Charles Kirkpatrick, who took the name of Sharpe, according to the will of Matthew Sharpe, of Hoddam, who bequeathed him all his estates.

CHARLES SHARPE, m. Eleanora, dau. of John Renton, by Lady Susan Montgomery, dau. of Alexander, Earl of Eglinton, issue, 1 – Matthew Sharpe, Lt-General, d.s.p. 1845; 2 – Charles Kirkpatrick Sharpe, d.s.p. 1851 (the celebrated Antiquary); 3 – Alexander Renton, Admiral, R.N., d.s.p. 1861; 4 – William, d.s.p. 1875; and six daughters, 1 – Susan, m. 1st, Capt. Erskine; 2ndly, Capt. Walker; 3rdly, S.F.S. Perkins, Esq., d.s.p.; 2 – Jane, m. Sir Thomas Kirkpatrick, Bart, and has issue; 3 – Eleanora, d. unm.; 4 – Isabella, m. ---- Orde, Esq., s.p.; 5 – Elizabeth Cecilia, d. unm.; 6 – Grace, m. The Rev. W.R. Bedford, and had issue.

Sir THOMAS, 3rd Baronet, m. Susanah, dau. of John Grierson, of Lagg, his heiress.

Sir JAMES, m. Miss Jardine.

Sir THOMAS, 5th Baronet, m. Jane, dau. of Charles Sharpe, Esq., of Hoddam, he was born 1777.

James Kirkpatrick, Bart, m. Miss Keir Hardy, dau. of Mr. Thomas Keir Hardy, of Dumfries.

Sir CHARLES Sharpe Kirkpatrick, m. Miss Kirkpatrick.

Sir THOMAS, b. 1838, succeeded his father 1877; m. Sophia Anne Blankton, d. June 1880. His brother, Sir James, the second son, succeeded him, b. 1841; m. Mary Stewart Fearnley, April 24th, 1872, issue,

- 1 – Charles Sharpe.
- 2 – Harry Fearnley.
- 3 – Yvone.
- 4 – Athol.
- 5 – Josephine Mary.
- 6 – Margaret Hope.

The old fortress of Closeburne having fallen into decay, a new mansion was built by Sir Thomas Kirkpatrick in 1685, partly with materials from the old residence. Nothing was left standing but the tower, which is still to be seen. However, the new house was burnt to the ground on the night of August 28th, 1748, and all the plate, pictures, family portraits and papers destroyed.

In the Clapperton MSS., there are two inventories of the furniture, etc. extracts from which I give –

The house keepers name is illegible, “ane account” of what was under Mary _____’s charge and delivered to her, 1717, shows an enourmous quantity of all kinds of “English musline gravats, flowered or stript at the ends,” stocks, handkerchiefs, “10 pair of Ruffells, whereof one pair laced,” “2 busteen vaistcoats.”

“The furniture in the roumes”; “in the high dining rounge,” “3 tables, 16 chayres bottomed with red leather,” “a tea table with silver teapot stanige,” “six silver tea spoons,” “ane other teapot,” “six-tea cups and saucers conforme to them,” “5 flower potts on the chimney peice,” “4 cups and four saucers”

There was also “The Lemon Roumem,” which was a bedroom, “with six kane chayres and six silk cushions,” “six cups and saucers and an earthen teapot.”

“The Whyte Roume.”

“The Orange Roume.”

“The Dark Roume.”

“The Bairnes Roume, with four little chayres for the Bairnes.”

“The Red Rounge,” with its “red moghair bed with green flowred lyming.”

“The Blew Rounge,”

“The Low Dyneing Rounge.”

“The second storie of the South parition.”

“The servants lay in the upper storie.”

The family of Closeburne had many tea cups and saucers on their chimney peices, in nearly every “roume.” There is a note too, in the inventory “upon the 23rd of May, 1720, when all the blankets within the house were compted; there were exactly four score and sixteen pairs besides 4 pair which Thomas Gay gott at Whit-Sunday, 1719, and was to bring back again. There is also 13 half blankets whereof 3 are welted about with red worsett, and there is also a pair of old blankets which if they be not given to James Miller, herd, are to be broken for any necessary use about the house.”

Truly Mary _____ was a good housekeeper, for every item in each room is entered in her list.

The list of “household linnens” 1713, is extensive, amongst others, “8 dozen and a half of fine naprie with 8 table cloaths, confome whereof two are very large.” The plate was very handsome, I should have liked to have seen the “silver salvers, juggs, tankers,” the large silver dish with “luggs,” “the litle silver hefted brekfast knifs, and the 8 silver salts,” with many other articles.

The second Baronet has written a long list of “James his cloathes.”

In a later inventory I find “the chaplains room” furnished with 2 beds with stamped “droggett hangings,” (a note says, “the whole of this inventory was not transcribed by my niece, 1824.”)

* * * * *

The Closeburne Estate passed away from the Kirkpatrick’s a century ago, and tradition says: the first heir named Ewen, in a direct line will regain the lands of his forbears and rise to great honours and distinction.

PART IV.

PEDIGREE OF HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS EUGENIE.

HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS EUGENIE. HER GRACE THE DUCHESS OF ALBA.

- 1 – Marie Manuelita Elizabeth Kirkpatrick, m. Don Cipriano de Palfoix, Count de Montijo.
- 2 – William Kirkpatrick, of Malaga, 1764 – 1837, m. Fanny, dau. of The Baron de Grivegree, of Malaga.
- 3 – William Kirkpatrick, of Conheath, 1736 – 1787, m. Mary Wilson of Kelton, Kirkcudbright.
- 4 – Robert Kirkpatrick, 2nd son of William Kirkpatrick, Lord of Kirkmichael, m. Henrietta Gillespie, of Craighsheille; d. 1746.
- 5 – William Kirkpatrick, IV. Lord of Kirkmichael, d. 9th June 1686.
- 6 – Alexander Kirkpatrick, III. Lord of Kirkmichael, m. Margaret dau. of Sir Thomas Kirkpatrick of Closeburne.
- 7 – William Kirkpatrick, II. Lord of Kirkmichael, 1548.
- 8 – Alexander Kirkpatrick, I. Lord of Kirkmichael, 1484, second son of Sir Roger Kirkpatrick of Closeburne.
- 9 – Sir Roger Kirkpatrick, of Closeburne, m. the Hon. Margaret Somerville, dau. of Lord Somerville, grand-daughter of Alexander, Lord Darnley.
- 10 – Sir Winfred Kirkpatrick, of Closeburne.
- 11 – Sir Roger Kirkpatrick, of Closeburne and Caerlaverock, d. 1357.
- 12 – Sir Roger Kirkpatrick, 1305, “I mak sicker.”
- 13 – Stephen, Lord of Closeburne, 1278.
- 14 – Adam Kirkpatrick, Lord of Closeburne.
- 15 – Yvone de Kirkpatrick, of Closeburne, 1232, m. The Lady Euphemia Bruce, dau. of the Lord of Anandale.
- 16 – Yvone de Kirkpatrick, Lord of Closeburne, 1135.
- 17 – Cospatric, Cumberland, 1066.
- 18 – The Kirkpatricks held Lands in Nithsdale in A.D. 800.
- 19 – Cella Patricii, A.D. 370.
- 20 – The Tribe of Alsani, 300.
- 21 – Finn Mac-Cual, A.D. 200.

PART V.

PEDIGREE OF ALEXANDER KIRKPATRICK, ESQ., OF COOLMINE.

Issue –

ALEXANDER DE LAPERE (*six sons and two daughters).

- 1 – Alexander Kirkpatrick of Coolmine, m. 1st Maria Louisa Robinson; 2nd Dorothy Elizabeth Darley, nee Alley.
- 2 – Alexander Kirkpatrick of Coolmine, 1796 – 1878, m. Mary Anne Rutherford.
- 3 – Alexander Kirkpatrick of Coolmine, 1749 – 1818, m. Marianne Sutton.
- 4 – Alexander Kirkpatrick of Coolmine, 1714 – 1791, 3^d son of George Kirkpatrick, of Knock, Dumfriesshire, m. 1st Mary Mitchell, nee Ireland; 2nd, Esther Henderson.
- 5 – George Kirkpatrick, of Knock, 1671 – 1738, eldest son of William Kirkpatrick, Lord of Kirkmichael.
- 6 – William Kirkpatrick, IV. Lord of Kirkmichael, d. 9th June, 1686.
- 7 – Alexander Kirkpatrick, III. Lord Kirkmichael, m. Margaret, dau. of Sir Thomas Kirkpatrick, of Closeburne.
- 8 – William Kirkpatrick, II. Lord of Kirkmichael, 1548.
- 9 – Alexander Kirkpatrick, I. Lord of Kirkmichael, 1484, second son of,
- 10 – Sir Roger Kirkpatrick, of Closeburne, m. The Hon. Margaret Somerville, dau. of Lord Somerville, grand-daughter of Alexander, Lord Darnley.
- 11 – Sir Winfred Kirkpatrick, of Closeburne.
- 12 – Sir Roger Kirkpatrick, of Closeburne and Caerlaverock, d. 1357.
- 13 – Sir Roger Kirkpatrick, 1305, “I mak sicker.”
- 14 – Stephen Kirkpatrick, Lord of Closeburne, 1278.
- 15 – Adam Kirkpatrick, Lord of Closeburne.
- 16 – Yvone de Kirkpatrick, Lord of Closeburne, 1232, m. The Lady Euphemia Bruce, dau. of The Lord of Anandale.
- 17 – Yvone de Kirkpatrick, Lord of Closeburne, 1135.
- 18 – Cospatric, Cumberland, 1066.
- 19 – The Kirkpatrick held Lands in Nithsdale, A.D. 800.
- 20 – Cella Patricii, A.D. 370.
- 21 – The Tribe of Alsani, A.D. 300.
- 22 – Finn Mac-Cual, A.D. 200.

*1 – Alexander de Lapere

2 – Henry Robert Bruce.

3 – George William Hubert Douglas

4 – Mary Anna Emily

5 – Maria Rosanna Eugenie

6 – Thomas Lionel Guy Alley

7 – Francis Philip Dudley Ethelbert

8 – Dorien Errol

PART VI.

PRECIS OF THE RUTHERFOORD PEDIGREE.

The Rutherford Family.

The Rutherfoords are a Scotch Border Family. The name is derived from “Rue the Ford” of “Ride the Ford.”

The Earl of Teviot was head of this family, he was executed and the title and estates sequestrated in the Rebellion, 1645. His lineal descendant was Thomas Rutherford, an officer in the British army, who married Miss Jessie Meldrum, his pretty cousin. He died when he was a young man, his brother John was guardian to his children. His eldest son *John Rutherford, of St. Doloughs, County Dublin, and 14 Rutland Square was the first of the family to settle in Ireland, where he made a large fortune in partnership with Archibald Hawksley, Esq.

He married first Miss Elinor Westray, by whom he had two children –

- 1 – John, who m. 1st Miss Boehm, dau. of a celebrated sculptor, and had issue; 2^{ndly} Mary Kirkpatrick, of Coolmine, in 1838. d.s.p.
- 2 – Margaret Elinor (Mrs. Dolier, of Collegnes), had issue.

He married secondly Sarah Rosanna Brownly, daughter of Martin Brownly, Esq., by whom he had –

- 1 – Martin Brownly (Mrs. Miller’s Father).
- 2 – Jessie, d. unm.
- 3 – Archibald Hawksley (of Carlingford).
- 4 – Mary Ann (Mrs. Kirkpatrick, of Coolmine).
- 5 – Grace (Mrs. Reade, of Wood Park).
- 6 – Thomas (of Mooretown).
- 7 – Fanny, d. young.
- 8 – Henry, d. young.

EARL OF TEVIOT

- 1 – John Rutherford, m. Miss Jessie Meldrum.

Son

- 2 – John Rutherford, m. 1st Miss Westray; 2nd Sarah Rosanna Brownly.
- 3 – John Rutherford, m. 1st Miss Boehm; 2nd Mary Kirkpatrick, of Coolmine, 1838.

*John’s brother Thomas, b. at Glasgow, 9^h January, 1766, emigrated to America, m. Miss Sally Winston, and has founded a rich and influential family in Virginia. He wrote a most interesting and minute account of his life and children. The narrative is continued till Mary 1845, when he was in his 80th year. Mrs. Rutherford Kirkpatrick has copied this History.

PART VII.

PRECIS OF PEDIGREE OF THE ROBINSON FAMILY.

THE Robinsons are an old County Tipperary Family, having settled there in Queen Elizabeth's reign at Knockshegowna (The Hill of the Fairies). The immediate ancestor of the Ballynavin branch, was a younger son of Sir Lumley Robinson, of Yorkshire, the ancestor of Lord Rokeby and Richard Robinson, Archbishop of Armagh, 1765. This Robinson was an officer in Comwell's army, coming to Ireland he remained with his relatives.

A monument to one of his grandsons is to be seen in Westminster Abbey. Andrew Robinson in Jamaica, married the Comtesse de Lapere, whose family as Huguenots had been exiled from France, and their Chateau and estate, on the banks of the Loire confiscated.

She died at the birth of her first child, John, on the eve of her 21st birthday. Andrew brought his infant son to Ireland, and left him with his grand uncle, General Andrew Robinson at Knockshegowna. When returning to Jamaica he was drowned at sea. General Andrew Robinson's portrait was in Buckingham Palace, he was equerry to the Princess of Wales, mother of George III. In 1777 he was engaged in a law suit in America concerning a grant of lands made to his relatives at the time of the War of Independence for distinguished services.

John entered the army, and married in Canada, Miss Alice Boyton, celebrated for her beautiful eyes, by her he had two sons and three daughters.

When General Robert Robinson died he left £200,000 to John's eldest son, Robert, a Captain in the Hussars, who at the age of 21 married at Portpatrick, December 1st, 1801, Miss Ruth Stoney, dau. of Thomas Stoney, Esq., of Arran Hill, who was offered a baronetcy in 1798, for his vote and influence, which he declined. Bishop Smart, known by his translations of Horace, was her maternal uncle.

Their issue –

1 – Robert de Lapere Croasdale, of whom presently.

2 – Andrew John de Lapere, m. Louisa Kirkland, second dau. of Capt. Kirkland, R.N., and +Louisa Bor. Their names are written on a pane of glass at Ballymavin Castle, date, "April 17, 1832," he d. at Deer Park, CloghJordan, May, 1835, aged 29.

3 – Thomas Stoney de Lapere, m. Elizabeth Kirkland, eldest dau. of Capt. Kirkland, R.N., and Louisa Bor; m. 2nd, Honora West, (whose ancestress was Jane, sister to Queen Anne Boleyn) cousin to Maria Edgworth; m. 3rd, Letitia Jane, dau. of Thomas Bunbury, of Lisbryan, who survived him.

Issue by first marriage,

Louisa Martha, m. James Patterson, Esq., of Elgin road.

Ruth de Lapere, m. Thomas Alley, Esq., of Artane, Co. Dublin.

Elizabeth Traves, m. William Homan, Esq., of White Hall Shinrone.

Mary Anne, of Hermitage, Co. Longford.

*Nephew to General Andrew.

+There were four handsome Miss Bors, of Ballindoolan: Jane Peacock, m. Francis Reade, Esq., of Wood Park; Elizabeth, m. Rev. J. Digby, Osberstown, Co. Kildare; Louisa Martha, m. Capt. James Kirkland, R.N. of Hermitage; Catherine, m. --- Irvine, Esq., Co. Fermanagh.

4 – Augustus Adolphus de Lapere, fourth son, b. Jan. 1st, 1810; d. May, 1889, The Duke of York, stood as his sponsor; m. October, 1840, Anna, only dau. of the late Thomas Vereker, Esq., of County Limerick, and cousin to the then Viscount Gort. Issue, six sons and five daughters.

Capt. And Mrs. Robert Robinson, living between London, Bath, and Brighton, in almost regal style, quickly diminished the large fortune.

In 1803, he bought the Ballynavin Estate, County Tipperary, for £22,000, and settled it on her. He died at Ballynavin Castle, 17th January, 1821, aged 37 years. Mrs. Robinson died there on November 21st, 1871, aged 93 years. His coffin was made from the timber of a favourite oak tree, and she kept boards of the same wood for fifty years for her own coffin.

Now after their long separation they lie side by side in Ballingarry Churchyard.

Their eldest son, Robert de Lapere Croasdale, born June 24th 1805, died at Ballynavin Castle, January 9th, 1870, was my grandfather, he married Maria Peacock Reade, 2nd dau. of Wm. Francis Reade, Esq., of Wood Park, Co. Galway, and King's County, at St. George's Church, Dublin, by the Rev. John Digby, her uncle, September 29th, 1827.

During my great grandmother's life she divided the estate between her sons. My grandfather, the rector of Ballingarry, receiving Ballynavin Castle, and Tinnymuck; his brothers, Thomas, and Augustus, Riversdale, and Cloughkeating Castle. My grandmother died January 17th, 1865.

Their issue,

1 – Robert de Lapere, d.s.p. in Dublin, 2nd Nov. 1877

2 – Francis, d.s.p. New York, Oct., 1871.

3 – Philip Andrew de Lapere, d.s.p. La Bergerie, Portarlinton, 3rd June, 1869.

4 – Ruth Stoney, m. Capt. William Lloyd, killed Maori War, leaving a son, Wm. De Lapere Reade Lloyd, now Major in 12th Suffolk Regt.; a dau., Maria Sophia, widow of Major Rochfort Boyd, 3rd son of George R. Boyd, Middleton Park.

5 – Jane peacock, m. 1st, Capt. Henry Burns, 24th Regt., d.s.p.; 2^{ndly}, Capt. Saml. Burns, 24th Regt., d. leaving one dau., Samina Maria, who m. Lt. Ernest Barton, R.N., H.M.S. Impregnable.

6 – Maria Louisa, m. Alexander Kirkpatrick, Esq., of Coolmine.

7 – Jessie Francis, m. 1st, John Guest, Esq.; 2nd, P. Dane, Esq.

8 – Grace Alice, m. The Rev. George Stoney, who d. 1870, leaving one dau., Ada.

9 – Edith de Lapere, m. Robert Holmes, Esq., of Peterfield, Nenagh, who d. Aug. 1896, leaving issue, three daughters,

1 – Marion.

2 – Constance.

3 – Dorothy Louisa Alexandrina.

The Rev. Mr. Robinson, married secondly, at Monkstown Church, Oct. 26th, 1868, Selina, dau. of Archdeacon Mansell, of Limerick, and his wife, Selina Warburton.

All the Robinsons of ballynavin and Knockshegowna are buried in Ballingarry Churchyard, and many monuments are erected to their memory.

My grandfather left no grandson of the Robinson name to succeed him.

Mrs. Dane is now the owner of the estate and the Old Castle.

1 – Andrew Robinson, m. Comtesse de Lapere.

2 – John Robinson, m. Grace Alice Boyton.

3 – Robert Robinson, m. Ruth Stoney.

4 – Robert de Lapere Robinson Coroasdale, m. Maria Peacock Reade.

his third daughter,

Maria Louisa, m. Alexander Kirkpatrick, of Coolmine, and d. 27th October, 1877, deeply regretted.

There issue,

1 – Alexander de Lapere.

2 – Henry Robert Bruce.

3 – George William Douglas.

4 – Mary Anna Emily.

5 – Maria Rosanna Eugenie.

PART VIII.

PRECIS OF PEDIGREE OF THE ALLEY FAMILY.

THE Alleys are descended from William Alley, Bishop of Exeter, b. at Wycomb, 1510; d. 1570; buried in Exeter Cathedral. He was a zealous advocate for the Reformation, and was the first bishop created by Queen Elizabeth. He translated the "Pentateuch" by her command. His wife's name was Sybil _____, issue 4 sons, 1 – Roger, 2 – Peter, 3 – Jerome, b. 1560; 4 – Austin, b. 1565.

His third son Jerome, was grandfather to Dr. Jeremy Alley, of New Ross, Ireland. He married Miss Frances Parker, of Wexford.

His second son was Peter Alley, Recotr of Killenarde, Cashel, 1672.

And his eldest son was the Rev. Peter Alley, Rector of Donoghmore, Queen's Co., b. 1653; d. 1763, aged 110 years, married three times (whose brother, the Rev. Charles Alley, m. Miss Elizabeth Eaton;; another brother was the Rev. Henry Alley (wife's name unknown). His son William, m. Nov. 1761, Meabella, dau. of Thomas Nuttall, Esq., of Drummond, Co. Tipperary, issue, one son,

John Peter, who came to reside in Dublin, 1782, and m. 1st, Miss Matthews, dau. of Thos. Matthews, Esq., of Dublin. He built Artane House, which afterwards was the residence of the Alley Family; m. 2^d, in 1801, Ann Nugent, dau. of _____ Nugent, Esq., of Barracks, Co. Meath.

Thomas, his eldest son, by second marriage, b. May, 1806; d. Nov., 1884; m. Nov., 1843, Sarah, younger dau. of Nathaniel Trumbull, Esq., of Beech Wood, Malahide, Co. Dublin, issue,

- 1 – Sarah Anne Francis, m. 1875, colonel Davis, 10th Regiment.
- 2 – Francis Philip Dudley Ethelbert.
- 3 – Dorien Errol.

Thomas Alley m. 2nd, 1857, Ruth de Lapere Robinson, second dau. of Thoams Stoney de Lapere Robinson, Esq., of Riversdale, Co. Tipperary, issue, one son,

John Thomas de Lapere, b. May, 1860; m. Jessie, 5th dau. of Thos. Greer, Esq., Recorder of Derry, has issue,

- 1 – John Peter.
- 2 – Ruth de Lapere.

Mr. Alley and his son are the only representatives of the Irish branch of the Alley Family.

William Alley, Bishop of Exeter, 1560.

Jerome Alley, b. 1560

Jerome Alley, b. 1603.

Rev. Peter Alley, m. Grace Shortall.

William Alley, m. 1761, Meabella Nuttall.

John Peter Alley, m. 1st, Miss Mathews; 2nd, in 1801, Ann Nugent.

Thomas Alley, m. 1st, Sarah Trumbull, 2nd, Ruth de Lapere Robinson.

John Thomas de Lapere Alley, m. Jessie Greer.

Issue,

John Peter.

Ruth de Lapere.

P E D I G R E E .

- 1 – Alexander de Lapere Kirkpatrick.
- 2 – Henry Robert Bruce Kirkpatrick.
- 3 – George William Hubert Douglas Kirkpatrick.
- 4 – Mary Anna Emily Kirkpatrick
- 5 – Maria Rosanna Eugenie Kirkpatrick.

Father
Alexander Kirkpatrick

Mother
Maria Louisa Robinson.

2 Grandfathers
1 Alexander Kirkpatrick
2 The Rev. Robert de Lapere Croas-
Dale Robinson.

2 Grandmothers.
1 Mary Anne Rutherford.
2 Maria Peacock Reade.

4 Gt. Grandfathers
1 Alexander Kirkpatrick
2 Colonel Robert Robinson
3 John Rutherford
4 William Francis Reade

4 Gt. Grandmothers
1 Marianne Sutton.
2 Ruth Stoney, (third cousin to her husband)
3 Sarah Rosanna Brownly
4 Jane Peacock Whiteway (nee Bor)

8 Gt Gt Grandfathers
1 Alexander Kirkpatrick
2 Capt. John Robinson
3 John Rutherford (Scotland)
4 _____ Reade
5 Edward Bor (Ballindoolan, Kings Co.)
6 Thomas Stoney (Arran hill, Co.
Tipperary, 1748 – 1826).
7 Martin Brownly (Dublin)
8 Thomas Sutton (Dublin)

8 Gt Gt Grandmothers
1 Mary Mitchell (nee Ireland).
2 Alice Boyton.
3 Jessie Meldrum.
4 _____ Peacock.
5 _____ Purdon (2nd wife, Westmeath).
6 Ruth Falkiner.
7
8 Elizabeth Stock

16 Gt Gt Gt Grandfathers

- 1 George Kirkpatrick of Knock (Scotland 1671 – 1738)
- 2 Andrew Robinson
- 3 _____ Rutherford
- 4 _____ Reade
- 5 _____ Bor
- 6 George Stoney, 1713 – 1787
- 7 Thomas Sutton
- 8 _____ Ireland
- 9 _____ Brownly
- 10 _____ Boynton (Canada)
- 11 _____ Meldrum (Scotland)
- 12 _____ Peacock (Limerick)
- 13 _____ Falkiner (Mount Falcon, Co. Tipperary).
- 14 Luke Stock, father of the Bishop of Killala.
- 15 _____ Purdon (Westmeath)
- 16.

32 Gt Gt Gt Gt Grandfathers

- 1 William Kirkpatrick, IV. Lord of Kirkmichael, d. 9th June 1688.
- 2 _____ Robinson
- 6 Thomas Stoney, b. 1677; d. 18th August, 1726, is interred, with his Wife at Ballingary, Co. Tipperary.

64 Gt Gt Gt Gt Gt Grandfathers

- 1 Alexander Kirkpatrick, III Lord of Kirkmichael.
- 6 George Stoney, of Kettlewell, York-Shire. “Weddinge, 6th January, 1675, at Rilstone, Yorkshire.”

16 Gt Gt Gt Grandmothers

- 2 The Comtesse de Lapere.
- 6 Elizabeth Johnston, Emell Castle, Co. Tipperary.
- 7 _____ English.

32 Gt Gt Gt Gt Grandmothers

- 6 Sarah Robinson, of Knockshegowna, Co. Tipperary.

64 Gt Gt Gt Gt Gt Grandmothers

- 1 Margaret Kirkpatrick, of Closeburn.
- 6 Mary Moorehouse, of Rilstone.

At some future time I hope to fill up some of the blanks in this record of the marriages amongst my immediate ancestors.

AND now these brief Chronicles are finished; yet still some memories of those who have left footprints on the sands of time, remain.

What a good woman she must have been whose very name has been forgotten, yet, like the scent of rose leaves, a memory of her is wafted from the past, the mother of Alexander Kirkpatrick, of Drumcondra! Tradition says, he spoke of her, as an angel among women, and after nearly two centuries the loving record of her virtues lives.

And there is Marianne Kirkpatrick (nee Sutton), whose wise letters of advice to her children still extant, show here to have been clever and dignified, a fond mother, and beloved wife. And surely many recollect my grandfather, and grandmother Kirkpatrick, the beauty of their long and noble lives, both living examples of their favorite chapter, I Corinthians XIII., and equally with them must be remembered, the three aunts, Anne, Mary, and Lydia, the recollection of other wonderful goodness and kindness can never die.

How du Maurier would have liked to draw my uncle, Thomas Sutton Kirkpatrick, and what a pity it is they never met!

* * * * *

and my dear mother; her beauty, and unselfishness, are not forgotten. And to this day the poor will tell of her courtesy, charity and never failing kindness.

“The gardener Adam and his wife
Smile at the claims of long descent
Howe’er it be, it seems to me,
Tis only noble to be good.”

---- FINIS. ----

BIRTHS

BIRTHS

BIRTHS

MARRIAGES

MARRIAGES

DEATHS

DEATHS

OUR RECORDS

OUR RECORDS